REIGN NEWS BY TELEGRAPH OVER WIRES OF THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.

The Times-Democrat.

THE ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT furnishes our readers LATEST NEWS BY WIRE DAILY.

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BREACH

f Promise Suit Against the Duke of Manchester

auses a Decided Sensation

mong the Friends of the Duke's Bride. Details of the Suit Which Was Mentioned in Yesterday's Times-Democrat. Plaintiff an American.

London. Mar. 7.—The Duke of nchester, accompanied by his bride merly Miss Zimmerman, of Cincin- i, arrived here from Liverpool. At erpool the duke was served w. rit for an alleged breach of prom , at the instance of Miss Portia ight of this city.

iss Portia Knight is an American, or 24 years of age. She was on stage in New York for a short time has been living privately in Lon- for a year. The writ has been for some time, she says, and she not know whether it would be ved in America or England. Miss ight was glad to hear that it had n served in Liverpool.

"I regret that this affair has became blic," she said. "I thought it would be done in camera. I have brought suit not because I desired public, but because I felt in duty bound all my friends here in England."

No one met the Duke and Duchess Manchester on their arrival at ston station, London. The duchess oked extremely well and very pretty. e duke seemed rather worried. hen asked if it were true that he d been served with a writ, he re- ed: "It is quite untrue. I know thing about the suit. I am feeling te fit and had a fine time in Amer- ." The couple will shortly leave Ireland.

The Manchester sensation promises rival the Westminster scandal. Although the Duke of Manchester asserts that the writ has not been served upon him in the suit for alleged breach of promise, this is quite immaterial, as the writ has been issued and proceedings have commenced. The entirely unexpected sequel to one of the most interesting marriages between American heiresses and representatives of the English peerage had its inception shortly after the Duke of Manchester so suddenly made Miss Zimmerman a duchess. Miss Knight's allegations are not yet obtainable, but it is evident that she is in earnest and that the suit was brought without any idea of gaining publicity. She is about the same age as the Duke of Manchester, possibly a trifle older. Their acquaintance began when Miss Knight was living in Stirmin's mansions in London, where the duke frequently visited. The employes of the mansions say the acquaintance ripened to a stage where they quarreled frequently and the visits continued until only about six months ago, when the duke no longer called there and Miss Knight took a flat elsewhere and now lives in London among friends of position and means. Unlike the duchess, Miss Knight is a pronounced brunette, with an olive complexion.

Miss Knight.

Portland, Or., March 7.—Miss Portia Knight was formerly a resident of Salem, Or., and is a daughter of Rev. P. S. Knight, a well known Congregational minister in that city.

AN OPEN SWITCH

he Cause of a Fatal Collision at Pittsburg This Morning.

Pittsburg, Mar. 7.—A mischanged ck on the Pittsburg, McKeesport d Youghiogheny railroad, sent an ine of the White Hall division of Pennsylvania railroad, crashing into an engine of the Pittsburg and South Side railroad, early this morning. As a result David Taylor, of the Pittsburg & S.S. railroad, is dead and J. Wilson and Peter Burk, trainmen are seriously injured.

THE GIRL VICTIM

ecovers Sufficiently to Name One of Her Assailants.

Portsmouth, Ohio, Mar. 7.—Libbie air, who was the victim of a burtal sault that was made by several ung men, and who is now in an ine asylum as the result of her ter- ble experience of Tuesday night, s able today to give the name of on- one of her assailants and he will soon be captured. The girl, who is only 16, was taken to a lonely part of the city and there, although she made desperate resistance, was assaulted and beaten and her skull fractured in three places. It is hoped that she may be restored by treatment in the Athens asylum, where she now is.

Mutiny on Board a Revenue Cutter.

Norfolk, Mar. 7.—Because they re denied shore liberty for a month d then were arrested on shore for erstaying their time, eight sailors the United States revenue cutter onadaga, attacked Captain Depart t night and attempted to throw him overboard. There was a desperate fight and other members of the crew came to the captains rescue and saved him. Niles Alison, quartermaster, who started the struggle was dishonorably discharged and others put in irons after which the vessel put to sea.

Ir. Morgan Says the Fight is Ended.

Washington, Mar. 7.—In the senate day, Mr. Morgan covered the whole nge of Isthmian canal legislation in voice that was audible in the galries. He concluded with a peration in which he expressed his ar that there was no hope for fure canal legislation. He declared he had said all he cared to say or ever would say on the subject. He had spent the best years of his life in studying the Isthmian canal question and to the best of his ability had presented the results to the American people. He pathetically took his seat with the declaration that his fight was finished.

FARMER'S WIFE

Assaulted and Murdered by a Negro Near Fort Worth.

Fort Worth, Mar. 6.—Mrs. Valley Younger, wife of a prominent farmer of Navarro county, was assaulted and murdered. Her jugular vein was severed and a dozen knife wounds were made in her body. A negro committed the crime and a posse is on his trail.

BOTH LEGS

Were Broken But Warren Crawled a Mile and a Half.

Mt. Vernon, Ohio, Mar. 7.—Ed. Warren, a farmer, was the victim of a runaway accident last night and had both legs broken. He tried to crawl home across fields, got a mile and a half from the scene of the accident and became unconscious. Neighbors followed the trace of blood and found him almost dead from cold and the loss of blood, this morning.

TWISTED

Was the Tail of the British Lion

By the Eloquent Senator from Alabama.

Declared That if Great Britain Should Attempt to Enforce the Terms of Treaty, War Would Follow.

Washington, March 7.—After a brief debate by the senate the amendment to the rules of the senate placing a limit upon debate was referred to the committee on rules. The debate developed the fact that no intention exists to urge its discussion at the present extraordinary session. Mr. Morgan (Ala), who offered a resolution declaring the abrogation of the Clayton-Bulwer treaty between the United States and Great Britain, addressed the senate for nearly two hours upon his proposition. His admonitions to Great Britain were particularly sharp. He declared that if Great Britain should endeavor to enforce the terms of the treaty the effort would result in a war in which the great empire, which had controlled for scores of years the commerce of the world, would be swept from power and her king would be left with only sovereignty over his own little island.

VERDICT

Returned Against Mrs. Nation

By Jury in a Damage Suit at Topeka, Kansas.

S e Publicly Declared That County Attorney Griffin Had Been Bribed by the Barber County Jointists.

Topeka, March 7.—Several months ago Mrs. Nation, in a street speech at Medicine Lodge, stated that Samuel Griffin, county attorney of Barber county, was granting the saloon keepers of Kiowa immunity from prosecution for a money consideration. Griffin sued Mrs. Nation for damages and the jury gave him a verdict of $1 and costs of suit. Mrs. Nation, by her attorney, David Nation, who is also her husband, has taken the case to the supreme court on a writ of error.

MISSILE

Viciously Hurled at Emperor William at Bremen.

The Man Who Hurled it Was Arrested But His Motive Cannot be Determined.

Bremen, March 7.—While Emperor William was driving from the Rathskeller to the railway station here a workman named Dietrich Weiland threw a piece of iron into his majesty's carriage. Weiland was immediately arrested. The emperor is said to have been slightly injured in the cheek, but he continued his journey without interruption. Weiland, who is an epileptic, gave confusing answers to the police regarding his motives.

TERMS

Of Surrender Not Yet Fixed.

Two Generals

Are Carrying on the Negotiations,

But Some Serious Stumbling Blocks Have Been Met by Them

Which Promises Indefinite Delay. The British Would Like to Know What Force Botha Brings With Him.

London, March 7.—Private information received in London confirms the rumors of negotiations between Lord Kitchener, Sir Alfred Milner and Com- ant General Louis Botha. It is ably certain that General Botha either personal or very close ch with Lord Kitchener. Sir Alfred Milner has gone to Pretoria with the object of assisting Lord Kitchener in these negotiations, the length of which appears to be due to General Botha's desire to consult with Acting President Schalkburger at Pietersburg and to make terms applying to the whole Boer force; but, militating against this, is Lord Kitchener's doubt as to General Botha's ability to control General Dewet and other leaders, as well as the internal opposition General Botha is encountering.

The question now is as to what forces he can bring with him. Private information is at hand tending to show that Lord Kitchener and Sir Alfred Milner have decided to accept his surrender on the basis that he is merely an individual commander rather than commander-in-chief of the enemy's forces. General Dewet and General Delarey, as well as the other leaders, will probably have to be dealt with individually on similar terms. If the negotiations with General Botha reach a successful termination, it will be—to use an expressive Americanism—just one of the bunch.

Remains of General Greene.

New York, March 7.—Colonel Asa Bird Gardiner of the Society of the Cincinnati has telegraphed from Savannah, Ga., confirming the announcement made two days ago that he has found the remains of General Nathaniel Greene, lost for 100 years. The body and that of General Greene's son, George Washington Greene, a protege of Lafayette, have been placed in hermetically sealed metal boxes and deposited in the vaults of the Southern bank of the state of Georgia to await final disposition.

Oberlin College.

Oberlin, O., March 7.—The annual meeting of Oberlin college trustees was held. The college course was changed from the three term system to two semesters, in accord with other leading colleges of the country. The degree of Ph. B. and S. B. are abolished and the degree of B. A. shall be granted to all who complete the work required for graduation. President Barrows reported gifts and endowments for the past year to the extent of $264,000.

Indian Situation.

Washington, March 7.—The annual report of the board of Indian commissioners expresses a confident view of the Indian situation and says that the policy of justice pursued by the government and the better knowledge of the power and resources of the government of the United States which now prevails among the Indian tribes will render improbable any renewals of serious rioting and attempted war on the part of the Indian tribes.

Work of a Punitive Expedition.

London, March 7.—Intelligence just reached here from northern Nigeria bringing events there up to Jan. 31, describes the operations of a British expedition of 300 against the marauding Imers of Bida and Koncago. Both capital towns were burned by the British. Two hundred slave women belonging to the king of Bida were released by 36 men under the command of two officers, who successfully engaged 1,000 armed natives.

Reward For Lynchers.

Terre Haute, Ind., March 7.—Sheriff Fasig has received notice that the international council of the world has offered a reward of $500 for the arrest and conviction of every person implicated in the lynching of the negro Ward. The council is incorporated under the laws of the state of Washington, with headquarters at Seattle, and is for the association of men and women of African descent for mutual benefit.

BRITISH GARRISON

Attacked by a Force of Boers Under General Delaray.

London, Mar. 7.—Gen. Kitchener reports that the Boers under Gen. Delaray at Mafeking made a fierce attack on Lichtenburg and the garrison of five hundred British have been making stubborn resistance for several days. Maj. Fletcher and Lieut. Hull were among the killed.

SWITCHMENS' UNION.

Was Robbed of Two Thousand Dollars Last Night.

Buffalo, Mar. 7.—Last night $2,000 in cash was stolen from a cash box of the Switchman's Union of America. The money was in a vault in the Union headquarters on the fourth floor of the Prudential building. The robbery was committed by one who knew the combination.

BURGHERS SURRENDER.

Durbin, Mar. 7.—The Durbin mercury says that Commandant Engelsrecht has surrendered and that Commandant Prinsloo and 500 Burghers have been captured.

UPRISING

In Cuba is Not Likely to Develop.

United States Secret Service Men Investigate

And Report That There is No Foundation for the Rumor. Statement is Made by Senor Gonzales.

Havana, March 7.—An investigation into the report that the United States secret service officials here had been informed that plans are on foot for a Cuban uprising and that disorder is only avoided now by the efforts of leaders to hold the revolutionary elements in check, elicited the following statement from Senor Gonzales de Quesada, who was the special commissioner of Cuba at Washington: "If any persons are interested in fomenting an uprising they are not Cubans who are in favor of independence, but parties desirous of seeing Cuba crushed forever. What we have to contend against now is American public opinion. There is no prospect of fighting here."

GERMANS

Are Pleased With McKinley's Speech

And His Attitude Upon the Commercial Policy.

A High Official Declares That the German Government Wants No Rupture With Uncle Sam Over Tar ffs.

Berlin, March 7.—President McKinley's inaugural address is the subject of much discussion in government circles. His remark about a liberal commercial treaty policy for the United States causes much satisfaction. A high official pointed out that this was the most important declaration in the address from the point of view of Germany, adding: "Our government throughout all its negotiations with the United States on tariff subjects has been inspired with a desire to avoid a rupture."

STEAMER

City of Pittsburg is Badly Damaged by Flames.

Fire Started by the Falling of a Stove and a Panic Among the Passengers Resulted.

Cicinnati, March 7. — The steamer City of Pittsburg, which arrived from Memphis, narrowly escaped destruction by fire. The fire originated in the upper works by the falling of a stove in the entry way of the "texas," and it was soon discovered. The steamer was lying at the wharf and was receiving passengers and freight. A panic resulted among the persons on board, but all easily got out of danger. The pilot house and a portion of the "texas" was destroyed.

PEACE

In the Philippines is Promised by Commissioner Taft.

Says Progress Has Been Made

Along Lines Which Leads Him to Believe That Peace May Soon Prevail in the Archipelago. Federal Party Extends Its Aid.

Washington, March 7. — Secretary of War Root has received the following cablegram from Judge Taft, president of the Philippine commission, dated at Manilla: "Great progress is being made toward peace. Since Jan. 1, 1,127 firearms have been captured and 1,358 surrendered. Captures and surrenders both due to the co-operation of natives. Since November 5,000 bolomen surrendered in Ilocos; 1,000 in Albay and Camarines. About 60,000 residents of Panay have taken the oath of allegiance. Offensive attacks by insurgents are now of the rarest occurrence. The Federal party has spread with wonderful rapidity to all parts of the archipelago and is active and urgent in advocacy of peace and presenting advantage of civil liberty under American sovereignty." The work of establishing provisional government in the provinces is reported to be progressing satisfactorily.

Proposed Philippine Tariff.

Washington, March 7.—A copy of the proposed Philippine tariff schedule as recommended by the Philippine commission, has been forwarded to the war department office. In two cases only, throughout the entire bill, are ad valorem duties assessed, namely, on crude materials and on goods not elsewhere provided for, at 10 and 25 per cent respectively. This is entirely satisfactory to the business interests in the Philippines, it is stated, as the just and proper appraisement of imported merchandise is entirely beyond the existing customs service. Throughout the bill the question of revenue has been kept steadily in view. The necessary food products, the raw materials of Philippine industries, the tools, implements and machinery of production, the materials of transportation by land and sea, and the producers and transmitters of power have been taxed as lightly as possible. Luxuries, whether in beverages, food, clothing, carriages or ornaments, have been taxed as highly as is consistent with the production of the most revenue.

THREE MEN KILLED

And the Postmaster's House Was Set Afire by Lightning.

Welsh, Ga., Mar. 7.—Three lives were snuffed out by a flash of lightning here last night, death coming while victims were sound asleep. Postmaster Morgan and his family consisting of eight persons retired late. Morgan was aroused from his slumber by a strange feeling and saw his house on fire. He called to his family but received no response. Reaching over he aroused his wife he found that she was dead. He went to another bed to arouse his 12-year-old boy and 6-year-old girl and found they were also dead. The house was set on fire by lightning and soon burned. All of the other inmates managed to escape.

Serious Trade Situation in England.

London, Mar. 7.—Public statistics show that the value of goods imported into Great Britain and Ireland has increased by 2,000,000 pounds, sterling, and exports have decreased about that amount in the month of February, 1901, as compared with February, 1900. This is the worst recent showing for British trade and causes much anxiety.

Refuse to Join the Big Steel Trust.

New York, Mar. 7.—White and Blackwell, bankers, who have advertised for names of dissatisfied stock holders of the National Tube Co., claim they have secured enough stock in this way to prevent the Tube company from going into Morgan's Steel Trust. Many of the stockholdres objected to the merge believing their stock was not rated high enough, as compared with other stocks involved in the colossal deal.

Trusts Cornering the Coffee Market.

New York, Mar. 7.—The advance of one per cent per pound in the price of coffee since January first has attracted the attention of coffee traders all over the world. Lewishon's and the Standard Oil interests are buying up the commodity all over the world and are trying to corner the market.

Senate Will Not Vote on the Measure.

Washington, Mar. 7.—The senate does not expect to vote on the resolution of Mr. Morgan, proposing the abrogation of the Clayton-Bulwer treaty, which he is now discussing. Mr Morgan is being allowed to talk upon it merely as a courtesy, it having no parliamentary standing. His resolution however, is serving Mr. Morgan's purpose of a peg upon which to hang one of his long series of Isthmian canal subjects. Otherwise it is quite harmless.

THE I. C. PAY CAR

With Employes' Pay Checks Burned at Chicago Today.

Chicago, Mar. 7.—The Illinois Central pay car caught fire in depot shed this morning and before the blaze could be extinguished damage estimated at $5,000 was done and a large number of pay checks were destroyed.

TALK OF SURREDER

Is On the Increase Among the Boers in South Africa.

London, Mar. 7.—Late advices from Pretoria assert that the talk of surrender is on the increase among the Boers' leaders, who are willing to surrender with their followers if granted amnesty, pardon for rebels, and some assistance in rebuilding their farms.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

Easy to Take
Easy to Operate
Because purely vegetable—yet thorough, prompt, healthful, satisfactory—
Hood's Pills

A LINEN FACTORY.

Northern Town Will Have a Flax Mill Owned by Woman.

The people of the town of Albert Lea, Minn., are congratulating themselves upon the prospective establishment there of a flax fiber mill, to be started by Mrs. Oscar N. Olberg. Mrs. Olberg has engaged the services of an expert from Belgium, and it is expected that the flax which is raised by the Minnesota farmers will soon be of more use than simply to furnish seed for the linseed oil makers. The straw or fiber is now wasted. Several years ago after samples of Minnesota flax had been sent to the linen mills of Ireland and Brussels and had been pronounced first class there was considerable activity toward the establishment of linen factories in the northwest. Plants were put in operation in Minneapolis, Eau Claire and Appleton. Expensive machinery was bought abroad and the home made product of these mills was unsurpassed by the goods from Belfast. But there was a dearth of raw material. The farmers would not or could not get the flax fiber into condition for the looms. Within two years after the linen mills mentioned had started every one of them had ceased operations. For they found that in order to keep the spindles moving they would be compelled to import retted flax fiber, while our own flax straw was either going to waste or being burned up. The western linen mills, therefore, were compelled to suspend operations, while those of the older cities in the east only maintained themselves by buying a portion of their raw material from across the sea. Mrs. Olberg has taken precautions against failure by contracting with extensive flax farmers for an adequate supply of the fiber for several years to come.

TRY ALLENS FOOT-EASE,

A powder to be shaken into the shoes. Your feet feel swollen, nervous and hot, and get tired easy. If you have smarting feet or tight shoes, try Allen Foot-Ease. It cools the feet and make walking easy. Cures swollen, sweating feet, ingrowing nails, blisters and callous spots. Relieves corns and bunions of all pain and gives rest and comfort. Try it *to-day*. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores for 25c. Trial package FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y. 2

$35.75 TO CALIFORNIA.

The Chicago & Erie railroad will sell cheap one way tickets to California on Tuesdays of each week up to and including April 30. See agent F. C. McCoy. sat&wed tf

How's This!

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.
F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O.
We the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.
WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggist, Toledo, Ohio.
WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surface of the system. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all druggists. Testimonials free.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

REDUCED RATES

Northwest, West, South and Southeast, via Pennsylvania Lines.

The sale of special fare colonists tickets to California, and settlers' tickets to the Northwest, West, South and Southeast has been resumed via Pennsylvania Lines. Particular information about fares, through time and other details will be furnished upon application. Please call on or address F. M. EAKIN, Ticket Ag't.

Jell-O, the New Desert,

pleases all the family. Four flavors:—Lemon, Orange, Raspberry and Strawberry. At your grocers. 10 cents. Try it today. 5

Goshen, Ill.

Making Charcoal in Chile.

The Chileans make very good charcoal. When they wish to prepare the wood they look over their land for some days, picking out the driest, thick sticks. If none is available on the ground, they cut down dry trees. The wood prepared and cut into long thick pieces, they dig large pits, two or three together. They then place layers of straw between the wood, set it smoldering and cover it entirely with the earth. Should the least breath of wind enter then all is in a blaze and the charcoal ruined if not instantly covered. For more than a week this smoldering goes on. This is an arduous industry for these poor laborers, who have much anxiety about the charred wood, and are not too well paid for their labor.—Robert H. Reid in Chicago Record.

Robert R. Watts, of Salem, Mo., writes. "I have been troubled with kidney disease for the last five years and have doctored with all the leading physicians and have tried all remedies suggested without any relief. Finally I tried Foley's Kidney Cure and less than two bottles completely cured me and I am sound and well."
H. F. Vortkamp, cor. Main and North streets.

TUNNEL ABLAZE.

Three Miners Suffocated While Attempting to Escape.

Central City, Colo., March 7.—The Molepile tunnel, piercing the Utah hill at Apex, seven miles west of this city, took fire. Three miners expired from suffocation. They are Con McNeerny, superintendent; W. Bellows and W. H. Coltrin. The fire originated in the blacksmith shop at the mouth of the tunnel.

Maud Gonne's Vigorous Views.

Chicago, March 7.—"The Irish members of parliament are improving," said Maud Gonne. "It is so much more sensible for the Irish members to fight than merely to waste their time in talk. Ireland will never regain her position until she can impose protective duties and develop her manufactures. That is the kind of home rule we want. This very year the best of opportunities are allowed to slip by. At one time there were but 8,000 English troops in Ireland. If, instead of spending millions on agitation, Ireland had been buying guns and ammunition, we might now be in a position to revitalize our nation."

A Threatening Letter.

Washington, Ind., March 7.—Alexander Killion, said to be the wealthiest man in this county, is the recipient of a letter demanding that a check for $1,500 be placed in a glass jar and secreted in a certain culvert near his home. Failing to do as the letter directs he and his family will be killed. It is thought singular that the blackmailer wanted a check instead of the currency, but it is supposed he feared marked money. Mr. Killion will ignore the letter.

Amendment Unpopular.

Havana, March 7.—A few of the delegates to the Cuban constitutional convention sat around the convention hall. They held no meeting and were not disposed to talk about the situation, but the general opinion seemed to be that the convention would not accept the Platt amendment. There is considerable political excitement throughout the country, but no disposition to resent the action of congress except by moral force.

Serious Trade Outlook.

London, March 7.—Dispatches from Vienna, Berlin and Rome dwell upon the serious trade outlook in Austria, Germany and Italy. At Vienna there is an alarming increase in the number of the unemployed, in all the larger cities of Austria-Hungary, and disturbances and conflicts with the police are matters of every day occurrence. Similar scenes are frequent in many towns of Italy.

Alaska's Population.

Washington, March 7. — The total population of Alaska in 1900, as shown by the returns of the twelfth census, is 63,592, as against 32,052 for 1890. This is an increase in 10 years of 31,540 or 98.4 per cent. There are two cities in the territory which have a population of over 2,000, namely, Nome City, 12,488, and Skagway City, 3,117.

Killed His Brother.

Nashville, March 7.—In a disagreement over business affairs Tex Rascoe, prominent in business circles, shot and killed his brother, Lou Rascoe, while they were in a storehouse. The dead man was a druggist. Tex Rascoe, who was released on bail, would say only that he was justified in killing his brother. The only two witnesses decline to talk.

Negro Lynched.

Shreveport, La., March 7.—Will Davis, alias Williams, said to be the negro who outraged Mrs. Attaway at Blanchard, La., was shot to death by a mob after being fully identified by his victim. After escaping from Blanchard the negro came to Shreveport and obtained employment on the railway. The negro, it is claimed, admitted his guilt.

Tragedy at a Crossing.

Mansfield, O., March 7.—Samuel J. Ebersole, 55, a farmer, in a buggy, accompanied by his son, was struck at a crossing near Plymouth by a passenger train and instantly killed. His son was seriously injured. The horse was killed and the buggy destroyed.

Turf Winners.

At Oakland—Aluminum, Good Hope, Glendenning, Hercenean, Gibralter, Midlove.

At Tanforan—Gold Baron, Escalante, Tosh, Red Wald, Nansen, Haralamb.

At New Orleans—Pauline J., Silver Coin, Don Clarencio, The Hoyden, Cluster, Clales.

THE MEAT OF IT.

Interesting News Notes From All Quarters of the Globe.

British freight steamer Mobile listed as missing.

Captain Crowninshield raised to the rank of rear admiral.

Harbor lightermen at Havana joined the stevedores' strike.

Sixteen business houses at Arcadia, Ga., burned. Loss $40,000.

Sherwood, a mining town near Dubois, Pa., destroyed by fire. Thirty buildings burned.

Former Senator Chandler (N. H.), appointed president of the Spanis claims commission.

Signor Marconi, electrician and promoter of wireless telegraphy, sailed from England for New York.

Robert S. McCormick of Illinois named by the president to be envoy extraordinary to Austria-Hungary.

As the result of a family quarrel, Albert Zimmerman, 40, killed his wife and himself at Atlantic City, N. J.

Two young children of Mrs. Perry Peele burned to death in their home near Marion, Ind. Were left alone.

IT MAKES WOMEN HAPPY.

"I had been a sufferer for many years from nervousness with all its symptoms and complications," writes Mrs. O. N. Fisher, of 1861 Lexington Ave., New York, N. Y. "I was constantly going to see a physician or purchasing medicine. My husband at last induced me to try Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. After taking one bottle and following your advice I was so encouraged that I took five more bottles of 'Favorite Prescription.' I continued taking it and felt that I was improving faster than at first. I am not now cross and irritable, and I have a good color in my face; have also gained ten pounds in weight and *one thousand pounds of comfort*, for I am a new woman once more, and your advice and your 'Favorite Prescription' is the cause of it."

Cost of Being an Earl.

It seems that Earl Roberts will have to pay, in one way and another, something like $3,000 for the honor of being an earl. The greater part of this, of course, will be the cost of the coronet, but the charge is swelled by fees of all sorts which many people will think ought to be abolished. Bismarck was once made furious by a charge of this kind. The Spanish government offered to invest the chancellor with the order of the Golden Fleece, and the prince promised to accept the honor if the government would send the order and its insignia to him, instead of expecting him to go to Spain to receive it. The request was complied with, and a few weeks after the arrival of the order and its insignia at Friedrichsruhe there came a bill for 8,000 francs. Bismarck sent for the Spanish ambassador. "If I had known the cost," he said, angrily, "I should not have accepted the honor. In any case, I won't pay it." Spain had to get along somehow without its 8,000 francs, for Bismarck never gave way.

AN HONEST MEDICINE FOR LA GRIPPE.

George W. Waitt, of South Gardiner, Me., says: "I have had the worst cough, cold, chills and grip and have taken lots of trash of no account but profit to the vendor. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is the only thing that has done any good whatever. I have used one bottle of it and the chills, cold and grip have all left me. I congratulate the manufacturers of an honest medicine." For sale by H. F. Vortkamp, cor. Main and North sts.

TO CURE THE GRIP.

Advice of a Famous Physician.

First and foremost, REST.

Take care of yourself. Your already weakened nerves want rest, and must have it. If the attack is severe, go to bed and remain there. More fatalities result from neglect of this precaution than from any other cause.

Eat sparingly. Your digestive organs are in no condition to take care of large quantities of food.

Drink plenty of pure, cold water. It allays the fever, stimulates the kidneys to action and opens up the pores of the skin. Keep the bowels open with Dr. Miles' Nerve and Liver Pills.

Take three doses of Dr. Miles' Nervine per day, and if you cannot sleep take an extra dose at bed time. To further control the fever, and to overcome the peculiar aches and pains of grip, use Dr. Miles' Pain Pills. They act quickly and effectually, and no bad effects result from their use. These remedies have been thoroughly tested more than a million times, and their efficiency is thoroughly established. They never fail to give relief.

Dr. Miles' Remedies can be found at any drug store, and they are sold on a positive guarantee that first bottle or package benefits or money refunded.

To Recognize Originality.

A public-spirited woman offers to give $100 toward a fund to purchase a thank offering for the woman—if she can be found—under 40 years of age, who has not worn this winter a hat with a pink rose dangling over her brow. Women in mourning may not compete. Neither may red-haired women, as red-haired women who wear pink roses are in a class by themselves.—New York Commercial Advertiser.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

CONGRESS BLAMED.

Secretary Gage On His Action Against Russian Beet Sugar.

Washington, March 7.—The delegation of the Illinois Manufacturers' association called on Secretary Gage to protest against his action in declaring a countervailing duty against Russian beet sugar, has received the reply of the secretary to their criticism. The protest was presented by Martin B. Madden, who said that all the manufacturers and wage earners of the United States would be injured if retaliatory meaures are to be enforced against our manufactured products. The secretary explained that it was perfectly useless to demand of the treasury department the repeal of the countervailing duty order. The duty in question, he said, was imposed in obedience to the law of congress.

An Insulting Message.

Paris, March 7. — The seconds of M. Paul De Roulede and M. Andrew Buffet met to discuss the question of the proposed duel. M. Buffet's representatives declared that he had not insulted M. De Roulede and that there was no ground for the duel. This decision was telegraphed to M. De Roulede in Madrid, and he immediately wired M. Buffet as follows: "You threw down the glove to me and now I have picked it up. It is impossible for the king's champion to steal away, Andrew Buffet, you are a royal liar." This insulting message renders a duel inevitable.

Captured After a Long Chase.

New York, March 7.—On board the steamer Hohenzollern, which arrived from Genoa, Naples and Gibraltar, is W. O. Dupuy, an officer of the United States secret service, having in charge as a prisoner Louis Darrell, formerly sergeant in troop G, Seventh United States cavalry, who is accused of murdering and robbing a comrade at Pinar Del Rio, Cuba, last June. Darrell, after the crime, succeeded in escaping to New Orleans, where he embarked for South Africa. Officer Dupuy arrested him at Beira, Africa. He will be taken to Havana.

Senate Committees.

Washington, March 7. — While no formal action to that effect has been taken by the Republican senators, it is quite definitely decided that there will be no reorganization of the senate committees during the present session of the senate. This decision will have the effect of leaving the appointments of retiring senators in their positions until the convening of congress next December.

Wanted on a Murder Charge.

Helena, Mon., March 7.—James McArthur, an ex-convict, wanted on a charge of killing Captain Dotson, 20 miles west of Helena, on Feb. 15, has been captured in Ravalli county, in the western part of the state, after a memorable chase. It is claimed that McArthur killed Dotson at the instance of the latter's son, who is serving a 99-year sentence in the pen.

Died in Jail.

Terre Haute, Ind., March 7.—George Woods, a teamster, became insane while brooding over the recent lynching, his hallucination being that he was pursued by colored men. He tried to shoot a small boy who was passing him and was placed under arrest. He died in jail of apoplexy. He was 32 years old and a man of family.

MARKET REPORTS.

Grain and Stock Prices For Mar. 6.

CHICAGO—Cattle: Good to prime steers, $5 05@6 25; poor to medium, $3 65@5 00; stockers and feeders, $2 75@4 00; cows, $2 10@4 35; heifers, $2 75@4 50; canners, $2 00@2 65; bulls, $2 75@4 30; Texas fed steers, $4 00@4 90; Texas grass steers, $3 35@4 00; Texas bulls, $2 50@3 50. Calves—$4 00@6 25. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $5 35@5 60; good to choice heavy, $5 45@5 62½; rough heavy, $5 30@5 40; light, $5 35@5 57½. Sheep and Lambs—Good to choice wethers, $4 30@4 85; fair to choice mixed, $4 00@4 40; western sheep, $2 50@3 75; native lambs, $4 50@5 25; western lambs, $5 00@5 25. Wheat—No. 2 red, 74@77c. Corn—No. 2, 39½c. Oats—No. 2, 25½c.

CLEVELAND—Cattle: Good to choice smooth dry fed 1,250 lb. steers and upwards, $4 65@4 90; good to choice dry fed lighter steers, $4 35@4 50; green half fat steers, 900 to 1,200 lbs., $4 00@4 25; fair to best heifers, $3 75@4 25; fair to extra cows, $3 00@3 75; bulls, $3 25@3 85. Sheep and Lambs—Choice to extra handy lambs, $5 50@5 55; fair to good lambs, $5 25@5 40; culls and commons, $4 50@4 75; good handy wether sheep, $4 40@4 60; fair to good mixed sheep, $4 00@4 25; culls and commons, $2 50@3 25; fair to choice yearlings, $4 50@4 75. Calves—Fair to best, $6 00@6 75. Hogs—Mixed Yorkers and mediums, $5 65; pigs, $5 50.

PITTSBURG—Cattle: Choice, $5 30@5 50; prime, $5 10@5 25; good, $4 75@5 00; tidy butchers, $4 40@4 65; heifers, $3 00@4 00; cows, bulls and stags, $2 50@4 00; fresh cows, $25 00@50 00. Sheep and Lambs—Choice sheep, $4 70@4 85; good, $4 50@4 65; fair, $4 10@4 40; choice lambs, $5 50@6 60; common to good, $4 00@5 40. Hogs—Mediums and heavy Yorkers, $5 75; light Yorkers, $5 60@5 70; heavy hogs, $5 65@5 70; pigs, $5 55@5 60.

BUFFALO—Cattle: Exporters, $5 10@5 12; shipping, $4 25@5 10; butchers, $4 00@4 12; cows, $3 25@4 00; heifers, $3 75@4 50; bulls, $3 25@4 00; stockers and feeders, $3 25@4 25. Sheep and Lambs—Best lambs, $5 55@5 70; fair to good, $5 35@5 50; culls and common, $4 75@5 00; mixed sheep, $4 50@4 75; culls and common, $3 00@3 50; yearlings, $5 00@5 25. Calves—$6 50@7 25. Hogs—Pigs, $5 65; Yorkers, $5 70; mediums and heavy, $5 75.

NEW YORK—Cattle: Steers, $4 50@5 20; fat oxen and stags, $4 10@4 70; bulls, $3 25@4 55; cows, $2 00@2 90. Sheep and Lambs—Sheep, $3 50@4 80; culls, $2 50@3 00; yearlings, $5 00; lambs, $5 00@6 65; culls, $4 50. Calves—Veals, $4 00@7 62½. Hogs—$5 65@6 00. Wheat—No. 2 red, 80½c. Corn—No. 2, 48½c. Oats—No. 2, 31c.

CINCINNATI—Wheat: No. 2 red, 78½@79c. Corn—No. 2 mixed, 41½c. Oats—No. 2 mixed, 27½@28c. Rye—No. 2, 56c. Lard—$7 27½. Bulk Meats—$7 27½. Bacon—$8 25½. Hogs—$4 50@5 80. Cattle—$2 25@4 75. Sheep—$2 00@4 25. Lambs—$4 00@6 60.

TOLEDO—Wheat, 79c; corn, 40c; oats, 28c; rye, 52½c; cloverseed, $6 60.

BALTIMORE—Butter: Fancy creamery, 23@24c. Eggs—Fresh, 16c.

Impotency

or decay of the sexual powers, results more often than otherwise from an inflamed condition of the prostate gland, one of the important organs of generation. It immediately surrounds the neck of the bladder, and is irritated and inflamed by any disease of the kidneys or bladder.

SANURY

is the remedy above all others for this serious condition, correcting as it does all diseased conditions of urinary organs.

Price One Dollar per bottle at all Druggists.

SIMMS MEDICINE CO. St. Louis, Mo.

"THE THIRD HOUSE."

Meetings Held in Cloakroom of House of Representatives.

An interesting body of legislators of which the outside world has little, if any knowledge, meets every morning in the cloak room of the house of representatives, some half an hour before 12. It holds its deliberations around the fire in the corner, and is called the "third house." It is extremely select in its membership, which numbers perhaps half a hundred. There are others to the extent of about 100 who have a sort of honorary membership. They are allowed to draw up a chair before the roaring fire and join the inner circle. Membership of the active kind is an honor difficult to obtain. No politics, no majorities and no "pull" will secure it. A man has to be born with his credentials, which are, briefly, the ability to tell a good story, the ability to listen attentively, and the ability to laugh heartily at the proper time. The deliberations of the third house are invariably on humorous subjects and usually consist of set speeches of two or three minutes' duration. The extreme limit is four minutes, and any man reaching five minutes stands in peril of losing his seat. The speaker of this third house is elected by himself and holds office as long as he can tell a better story than any other man. When he fails in this he is supplanted. Representative Cochrane of Missouri now holds the chair, and holds it pretty firmly. The number of Missourians in the house is unusually large, and they are all strong members. Representative John Williams is almost as faithful in his attendance at debates as Cochrane, and Delegate Wilson is not far behind him. It is a notable fact that the south is more fully represented than the north, but each day there are plenty of men from above the Mason and Dixon line present who are willing to match yarns.

Genesee Pure Food Co., Le Roy, N. Y.:
Dear Sirs:—Some days since a package of your GRAIN-O preparation was left at my office. I took it home and gave it a trial, and I have to say I was very much pleased with it, as a substitute for coffee. We have always used the best Java and Mocha in our family, but I am free to say I like the GRAIN-O as well as the best coffee I ever drank. Respectfully yours,
1 A. C. JACKSON, M. D.

Electric Road Carriages.

On the canal between Brussels and Charleroi small electric road carriages have taken the place of horses in towing barges and the speed has been increased from one and one-fourth miles an hour to seven miles. An overhead wire is used and it furnishes light and power to villages along the route.

Insanity in New York State.

People in New York state have learned with disagreeable surprise that one out of every 300 inhabitants within its borders is an inmate of some kind of hospital for the insane. The commission in lunacy reports that in all there are 23,000 insane patients in the state.

A GOOD COUGH MEDICINE FOR CHILDREN.

"I have no hesitancy in recommending Chamberlain's Cough Remedy," says F. P. Moran, a well known and popular baker, of Petersburg, Va. "We have given it to our children when troubled with bad coughs, also whooping cough, and it has always given perfect satisfaction. It was recommended to me by a druggist as the best cough medicine for children as it contained no opium or other harmful drug." Sold by H. F. Vortkamp, cor. Main and North streets.

"Failing to find relief from the grip with old methods, I took Dr. Miles' Pain Pills, Nervine and Nerve and Liver Pills and was permanently cured."—Gust. Egan, Jackson, Mich.

Englishwoman's Idea of a Gentleman.

Sir L. Alma-Tadema's birthday occurred recently, and it seems a good opportunity to add another to the short chapter of title stories which have appeared of late. A day or two after Sir Lawrence Alma-Tadema had been to Windsor to receive his knighthood an "at home" was held at the painter's house at St. John's Wood. Most of the callers had something to say appropriate to the occasion, but one of them, a well-meaning but not quite wide-awake old lady, managed to go astray. "Oh, dear Sir Lawrence," she said, "I am awfully glad to hear of the honor you have received. I suppose that now you have been knighted you will give up painting and live like a gentleman!"

INDIAN LAND OPENING.

Method of Homesteading Farms in Comanche-Kiowa Reservation.

Every mail brings letters from all over the country making inquiries concerning the method of homesteading land in the Comanche-Kiowa reservation, says a dispatch from Comanche, I. T., to the St. Louis Globe-Democrat. The applicant must first select the quarter section on which he intends to file, and be satisfied of its true description and location. He should then go to the proper land office and file application, stating his name, residence, postoffice address, and giving a general description of the land. The application must be accompanied by the affidavit of the applicant, setting forth that he is not the proprietor of more than 160 acres of land in any state or territory; that he is a citizen of the United States, or has filed his declaration of intention to become such; that he is more than 21 years of age, or, if under that age, that he is the head of a family; that the application is made in good faith and for the purpose of settlement, and that he is not acting as agent for any other person or corporation; that since August 30, 1890, he has not entered under the land laws of the United States a quantity of land, agricultural in character, which, with the land applied for, would make more than 320 acres; that he has not hitherto had the benefit of the homestead laws. This application must be made in person. After making application the applicant is allowed six months in which to establish his residence. Union soldiers may initiate homestead rights without being present at the opening. Their widows and minor orphan children have the same privilege. They may file declaratory statement by attorney, which entitles them to enter at any time within six months from the time of the filing.

Eugene J. Hall, the poet and publisher, says that one dose of Foley's Honey and Tar restored his voice when hoarseness threatened to prevent his lecture at Central Music Hall, Chicago. Nothing else as good.
H. F. Vortkamp, cor. Main and North streets.

From Guy to Grave.

There is an usher at one of the down town theaters who is a professional pallbearer during the day. "I get," he says, "$2.50 for every pallbearing engagement, and I like the work. It is, you see, such a complete and pleasant change from my theatrical employment. I must wear a gala smile at the theater at all times, and the gayety there, the mirth and lightheartedness, prove very monotonous. I long for something in gloomy black, with a look of gloom in my eyes, and the sobs I hear, the groans, the lamentations and the lugubrious music are very soothing to me after the eternal heartless jollity of the playhouse. The two kinds of work diversify my life: I touch on two extremes. I make, besides, a good deal of money. I have made $30 a week as a pallbearer. At the theater my salary is only $7.50. There are certain perquisites at the theater, however, perquisites won through seating people, which materially increase my income. It is not an uncommon thing among us ushers to be pallbearers during the day."—Philadelphia Record.

Bon Ami

Is the best window cleaner known. No slops and muss or dust created when used.

NOTICE TO WEST HIGH STREET PROPERTY OWNERS.

The property owners on West High street, between Main street and Cole street, will take notice that a petition has been filed in the office of the City Clerk, purporting to be signed by a majority of such property owners, and praying the City Council to cause said street between said points, to be paved with block asphalt. A hearing will Chamber, before the City Council on Monday evening, March 11, 1901, at 7 o'clock.

C. E. LYNCH, City Clerk.
Feb. 22, 1901. wed&th-t1

NOTICE TO EAST MARKET PROPERTY OWNERS.

The property owners on east Market street between the Public square and Ottawa river bridge, will take notice that a petition has been filed in the office of the City Clerk, purporting to be signed by a majority of such property owners, and praying the City Council to cause said street between the Public square and the L. E. & W. R. R. to be paved with vitrified block, and from the C. H. & D. R. R. to the Ottawa river bridge with vitrified paving block between the rails of the street car tracks and 18 inches on the outside thereof, and between such lines and the curb with sheet asphalt.

A hearing will be had on said petition in the Council chamber before the City Council on Monday evening, March 11th, 1901, at 7 o'clock.

C. H. LYNCH, City Clerk.
Feb. 22, 1901. wed&th-t6

A SURE CURE FOR
GRIP
Dr. Fenner's Golden Relief and Cough Honey.

Safe, sure, certain. Price 25c a bottle. For "colds" in any part of the body, sore throat, diphtheria, Bronchitis, pneumonia, all throat and lung troubles.

They are both Germicides.

For sale by druggists everywhere.

Soldiers Living in Slavery.

An Italian who has returned from Abyssinia declares that in the more distant parts of that country there are still a large number of Italian soldiers living in slavery. They are mostly men who were wounded at the battle of Adowa, left on the field and subsequently taken prisoners.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT.

Estate of Jacob P. Ward, deceased.

The undersigned has been appointed and qualified as administrator of the estate of Jacob P. Ward, late of Allen county, Ohio, deceased.

Dated this 18th day of January, A. D. 1901.

W. J. RICHIE, Administrator.

Notice of Appointment.

Estate of Mary M. Rost, deceased.

The undersigned has been appointed and qualified as administrator of the estate of Mary M. Rost, late of Allen County Ohio, deceased.

Dated this 20th day of February A. D. 1901.

Amos Young.

NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT.

Estate of George W. Kollar, deceased.

The undersigned has been appointed and qualified as administrator of the estate of George W. Kollar, late of Allen county, Ohio, deceased.

Dated this 15th day of February, A. D. 1901. C. H. HELLER.

NOTICE TO TAKE DEPOSITION.

State of Ohio, Allen county, ss.

John G. Dodge and Charles G. Barnard, partners doing business under the firm name of Dodge and Barnard, plaintiffs,

vs.

C. Granger and ——— whose name of names are unknown, partners, doing business under the firm name of C. Granger & Co., defendants.

Before F. E. Duffield, justice of the peace in and for Ottawa township, said county and state.

The above named defendants will take notice, that on Wednesday, the 13th day of March A. D., 1901, the plaintiffs above named will take the depositions of plaintiffs and their agents and sundry witnesses, to be used as evidence in the trial of the above cause in behalf of plaintiffs at the office of Otis F Sumner at Goffstown, New Hampshire, in the county of Hillsborough, in the state of New Hampshire, between the hours of eight o'clock, a. m., and six o'clock p. m., of said day, and that the taking of the same will be adjourned from day to day, between the same hours, until they are completed.

KENT HUGHES,
Attorney for Plaintiffs.
Feb.15-3wks.

NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT.

Estate of Edward Morris, deceased.

The undersigned has been appointed and qualified as executor of the estate of Edward Morris, late of Sugar Creek township, Allen county, Ohio, deceased.

Dated this 13th day of February A. D. 1901.

JOHN B. MORRIS.

LEGAL NOTICE.

In the Common Pleas Court of Allen County, Ohio.

National Supply Company, Plaintiff.

vs.

L. E. Bloomfield, et al., Defendants.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned have been appointed by the Court of Common Pleas, of Allen county, Ohio, as receivers of all the property of L. E. Bloomfield, in a case pending in said court, wherein the National Supply Company is plaintiff and L. E. Bloomfield, et al, are defendants. All persons having any property or assts of said L. E. Bloomfield, are directed by the Court to turn over the said property to the undersigned; all persons having debts against the said L. E. Bloomfield are requested to make due proof of the same as required by law.

M. P. COLT and CHARLES GESSELCHEN, Receivers of L. E. Bloomfield.

Cable & Parmenter, Attorneys.
feb 20-4w

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PRICES THAT TALK.

following SPECIAL OFFERS are made to more thoroughly introduce our office and methods to the public, and will stand good for month of March:

TIFICIAL TEETH $5, $8 and $10, and we guarantee them to fit and to be durable.
LD CROWNS, 22 K fine, $5.00.
DGE WORK, per tooth $4.00.
ALIZED AIR OR SPECIAL LOCAL INJECTION for painless extraction.
are here to stay, so take advantage of these offers and become acquainted with the best equipped dental office in Lima.

LUSH & BANNISTER, DENTISTS.

HOURS. m. 5:30 p. m. Evenings 7 to 8. days 9 to 12.

Rooms 5, 6 and 7. Opera House Block.

James S. Smith

Sells Purity Butterine. Best that is sold,

18c Per Pound.

California Navel Oranges, the largest sold in city,

For 20c Dozen.

th 'Phones 127.

WHEN INSURED IN THE

"NORTHWESTERN"

YOU CAN REST ASSURED THAT YOU ARE INSURED.

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GENERAL AGENTS O'Conner Block, Lima O.
R. E. DAVIS, E. L. THOMAS, Special Agents

FREE MESSENGER SERVICE.

Your ad carried FREE to The Times Democrat by A. D. T. Messenger.

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Messengers furnished for all other purposes, by A. D. T. Co., at a nominal charge.

Special Rates

One-way Settlers

C H & D — CINCINNATI, HAMILTON & DAYTON R.R.

Round-trip Home Seekers

—TO—

oints in the Northwest, West, Southwest and South, on sale Tuesdays until April 30th, 1901.

quire of C. H. & D. Representatives or Agents.

D. G. EDWARDS, Passenger Traffic Manager. CINCINNATI.

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Architect
Toledo and Lima

Charles W. Dawson
Representative
305 Masonic Temple, Lima

MONEY TO LOAN.

T 4½ TO 5% FROM ONE TO TEN ARS, in sums of $300 and upward on RM LANDS or LIMA CITY PROPER. Privilege of paying $100, or any multiple thereof at any interest day. LOANS DE AT ONCE.

THE LIMA MORTGAGE LOAN CO.,
oms 1 and 2 Metropolitan Block, Lima.
Henderson & Rogers, Attorneys.

Coal and Feed

HARRY RUMPLE.

ll line always in stock. Good goods, good equipment and good treatment.

Steam Coal a specialty.

Canal 114 north Elizabeth street. Both 'Phones

DR. W. N. BOYER,
hysician and Surgeon.
pecial attention given to RECTAL DISEASES and DISEASES OF WOMEN
ROOMS—29-30, Opera House Block. ke Elevator. Bell 'Phone 232.
1-Tue Thu Sat 3-mo.

OUT OF THE ORDINARY.

Our piano tuner, Mr. C. F. Woolery, has been employed by us for a period of more than nine years, so that we feel safe in recommending him as a competent workman. Orders left at Beeler & Van Gunten's Music Store, 23 Public Square, will receive prompt attention.

LOOK AT THIS!

BANEY & SHEPHERD

THE BARBERS,

In the Metropolitan block basement will give you a hair cut or shave that is smooth as a ribbon.

LADIES DESIRING

Shampoo or Massage Treatments

At their homes, will receive prompt attention by addressing Miss M. E. Davis, 223 west High street. Shampoo 25c, shampoo with massage treatments for the hair 50c; charges being less for a course of treatment. Also toilette articles prepared and sold by M. E. Davis.

Dr. Artemas Blake Gray,
DENTIST.
311 Masonic Building.
LIMA, - - - OHIO.
Lima Telephone No. 500.

Foley's Kidney makes kidneys and bla

IN

A Class All by Himself

Is Dr. Dudley.

Rides in Most Costly Car in the World.

Its Mechanism Recording the Speed of Trains and Track Conditions.

Three Hundred Thousand Miles He Has Traveled and All Railroads are Dependent Upon His Knowledge.

Poor Jo's plaint in "Bleak House," "They always want me to move on, move on!" comes irresistibly to mind when one considers the dynagraph car. For more than twenty-one years Dr. P. H. Dudley, its inventor and his wife have "moved on" and on in this curious marvel of mechanism, says the New York Herald.

Three hundred thousand miles or twelve times the circumference of the earth, have been traversed, but, unlike poor Jo, the moving has not been without its compensations, pecuniary and otherwise.

For be it known the dynagraph car is the one contrivance extant for ascertaining with true scientific accuracy the precise condition of a railway's roadbed, ties, rails, joints, bridges and the like. Consequently the superintendents of construction and repairs, the general managers and the directors of all the chief roads in Canada and the United States are largely dependent upon the ability and fidelity of the man who contrived and maintains this curious vehicle.

Mrs. Dudley, who has always accompanied her husband, is a woman of culture and refinement. Their peregrinations have enabled her to see all parts of this continent and she has absorbed a vast store of knowledge without being in the least pedantic. She is a musician and has her piano right at hand always. She and her husband are omnivorous readers, and their car contains not only a working and reference library of standard volumes and text-books, but the newest publications and magazines ad libitum. Mrs. Dudley has written a couple of books, too but has modest is she about her literary achievements that they have been printed only for private circulation.

The Dudley dynagraph car and track indicator is one of the most curious and expensive cars in the world. At the present time it is standing on a side track in the Grand Central yards at Forty-seventh street and Madison avenue.

One end of the car is devoted to the intricate and delicate machinery that records the condition of the tracks and the roadbed while the other end is devoted to the living apartments. Under the floor provisions, oal and ice are stored for a trip.

The whole structure is very sensitive and so delicately balanced that if a caller steps on the platforms anyone inside will instantly feel the vibrations.

The shafts, which extends down through the floor, connects the dynagraph gearing with the wheels of the car, thus regulating the speed of the recording instruments. When at work the ar is drawn at the rate of twenty-five miles an hour. At this speed the many needle pens that play on the surface of the roll of paper as it passes through the machine draw the record in red ink.

This machinery does mehanically what a man fails to do, that is, it finds where the track is out of surface. The instant the Dudley car passes over a defective spot where the deflection is more than three-thirty-seconds of an inch from the true plane it instantly paints the side of the rail a bright blue. Subsequently, when the section boss passes along he can have the track properly surfaced. During the many years that Dr. Dudley has been at work he has made thousands of rolls of especially prepared paper records for the various railroad companies, so that reference can be made yearly to the condition of the bed and rails.

The strenomatograph, another one of Dr. Dudley's inventions, will record the extension or contraction of rails. It will accurately measure the spring in a rail between ties as the engines and cars pass over it. The record is made on a narrow strip of phosphor bronze, measured on microscopic guages.

To test the elasticity of steel-rails practically, it is necessary to do it with a long rail and weights, but Dr. Dudley has a specially made instrument for this purpose. By this practical test it is possible to figure the elasticity down to marvelous minuteness by means of the strenomatograph and a microscope made especially for the work.

The question of weights in rails is a very serious one for railroad companies, meaning a great saving or loss in the yearly record. Dr. Dudley advocates the use of the 100-pound rail in all cases of heavy traffic, because with them the greatest saving is had in rolling stock and the diminished liability to accidents. The cost of equipping a trunk line is so tremendous that even the New York Central has only about one-quarter of its passenger service lines laid with the 100-pound rails, but it is the opinion of engineers that it is the only rail to use for long life, service and safety.

Apart from these track-recording instruments Dr. Dudley has invented appliances to test the life of railroad ties, their condition and elasticity under pressure, as well as the vibrations of roadbeds and bridges. This is second in importance only to knowledge of the state of the rails.

The lay mind may not know it, but photography plays an important part in railroading. Dr. Dudley has a very fine instrument, fitted with Goerz double anistigmal lenses, that will record in the 1-1000th of a second. Photographs taken by this instrument from the rear of the Empire State express are particularly interesting. The light reflected from the frozen river and the snow on the ground has helped to lend brilliancy to the picture, but many photographs taken in the summer time have been quite as good.

During the many years Dr. Dudley has been employed in track inspection he has accumulated records and tests for everything pertaining to railroads, so that his car is a wonderful machine shop, laboratory and scientific storehouse.

A household necessity—Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. Heals burns, cuts, wounds of any sort; cures sore throat, croup, catarrh, asthma; never fails.

"Grip robbed me of my sleep and I was nearly crazy with neuralgia and headache. Dr. Miles' Pain Pills and Nervine cured me."—Mrs. Pearl Bush, Holland, Mich.

Mystery in Wireless Telegraphy.

Considerable mystery appears to enshroud the latest developments of Signor Marconi's wireless telegraphy. He has purchased some land at Mullion, near the Lizard, where a large amount of machinery has been set up and buildings are being erected; but the greatest secrecy is observed, and not even the late proprietor of the land is admitted to the premises. It is rumored in the district that Signor Marconi expects in about three months to send messages to New York at a cost of a halfpenny a word; but possibly this anticipation is unduly sanguine.

"When the grip left me my nerves and heart were badly affected; but I began taking Dr. Miles' Nervine and Heart Cure and was soon all right."—Wm. Roericht, Eau Clair, Wis.

Black heads, Pimples, Blotches, Wrinkles, Tan, Freckles and Oily skin positively cured by the Perfect Face Steamer. Enterprise Drug Store.

HUMPHREYS' VETERINARY SPECIFICS

A. A. CURES } FEVERS, Congestions, Inflammations, Lung Fever, Milk Fever.
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C. C. CURES } SORE THROAT, Quinsy, Epizootic, Distemper.
D. D. CURES } WORMS, Bots, Grubs.
E. E. CURES } COUGHS, Colds, Influenza, Inflamed Lungs, Pleuro-Pneumonia.
F. F. CURES } COLIC, Bellyache, Wind-Blown, Diarrhea, Dysentery.
G. G. Prevents MISCARRIAGE.
H. H. CURES } KIDNEY & BLADDER DISORDERS.
I. I. CURES } SKIN DISEASES, Mange, Eruptions, Ulcers, Grease, Farcy.
J. K. CURES } BAD CONDITION, Staring Coat, Indigestion, Stomach Staggers.

50c. each; Stable Case, Ten Specifics, Book, &c., $7. At druggists or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Humphreys' Medicine Co., Cor. William & John Sts., New York. VETERINARY MANUAL SENT FREE.

NERVOUS DEBILITY,
VITAL WEAKNESS
and Prostration from Overwork or other causes.
Humphreys' Homeopathic Specific No. 28, in use over 40 years, the only successful remedy.
$1 per vial, or special package with powder, for $5. Sold by Druggists, or sent post-paid on receipt of price. HUMPHREYS' MED. CO., Cor. William & John Sts., New York.

SYMPTOMS—If you have a dry, harsh, and yellow skin, a dull pain in the right side, extending to the shoulder-blade and pit of the stomach, a tenderness over the region of the liver, and sometimes an enlargement of that organ; a hacking or dry cough, irregular appetite, shortness of breathing, feet and hands generally cold, a disagreeable taste in the mouth, palpitation of the heart, disturbed sleep, heartburn, disinclination to exertion—if you have any of these symptoms

You are Suffering from Liver Complaint, and Warner's Safe Cure Will Cure You

If you have weakness in the loins, with frequent pains; an insatiable appetite, an unquenchable thirst, harsh and dry skin, darkly-furred tongue, swollen and inflamed gums; dropsical swelling of the limbs, frequent hiccoughs; difficulty of passing water, deposit, or frequent pains in the back, You Are Suffering From Some Form of Kidney Complaint, and Warner's Safe Cure is the Only Remedy that will cure you.

Send for free sample to Warner's Safe Cure Co., Rochester, N. Y., today.

Singer Stops Priest's Sermon.

Sig. Brignoli once agreed to sing a solo at St. Agnes' church, in New York. He arrived late, and the sermon had commenced, but Brignoli, unabashed, leaned over the choir railing and tried to attract the attention of the preacher by shaking his head and gesticulating wildly. At last he yelled out in a voice that reached every corner of the church: "Me ready for ze sing. Stoppe ze preach! Stoppe ze preach!" And the priest actually cut the sermon short in order to accommodate the impatient tenor, whose voice now rang out with such fervor as to thrill the worshipers and justify the sacrifice.

"I had been in bed three weeks with grip when my husband brought me Dr. Miles' Nervine, Pain Pills and Nerve and Liver Pills. I was cured."—Mrs. J. Reiner, Franklin, Ind.

A "Successful" Life in New York.

The current life of the average New York man, the semi-successful young business man who earns a salary of $2,400 a year by the exercise of routine fidelity is admirably defined by J. P. Mowbray in "The Making of a Country Home," in Everybody's Magazine. "John Denison was within a year of being thirty, and twenty-five years more of getting on the car at seven in the morning and climbing back at five in the evening, going to the same cozy room, kissing his wife and baby in the same way, paying the same three-quarters of his salary to the landlord, the grocer and the tailor, and nursing a contented mind by going to the Central Park on Sunday morning and the theater on Wednesday night—this prospect, he was beginning to feel sure, would become intolerable in twenty years more. But there was no escape from it. He had fixed his lot and he must take things as they came, and, if possible, manage to squeeze out enough to keep up appearances and his life insurance—in case he should make a misstep some night in jumping for an electric car."

"I was in bed five weeks with the grip—nerves shattered, stomach and liver badly deranged. Was cured with Dr. Miles' Nervine and Nerve and Liver Pills."—D. C. Walker, Hallsville, O.

A RESOLUTION

Declaring it Necessary to Improve Buckeye Alley, Between the Public Square and Elizabeth street, and Cherry Alley, Between Market street and Spring Street, by Grading, Draining, Curbing and Paving Same.

Be it resolved by the council of the city of Lima, as follows:

Sec. 1. That it is necessary to improve Buckeye alley between the Public Square and Elizabeth street, and Cherry alley, between Market street and Spring street, in this city, by grading, draining, curbing and paving the same.

Sec. 2. That in making of said improvements a first class quality of vitrified paving brick or block shall be used, with sand filler, on a first class eight, (8), inch crushed stone foundation, and that said improvement shall be made in all respects in accordance with the plans, profiles and specifications relating thereto, heretofore adopted and now on file in the office of the city clerk.

Sec. 3. That the cose and expenses of said improvement, (less the cost of improving the public alley intersections, the cost of the construction of catch basins and in-lets thereto, and 2 per cent of the total cost, all of which shall be paid by the city at large), shall be assessed per front foot upon the lots and tracts of land abutting upon said public alleys between said points, and any and all assessments which, at the election of the property owners are deferred, shall be made payable in ten equal annual installments shall bear interest at the rate of 6 per cent per annum, payable annually, and the same shall be collected as provided by law and the assessing ordinance hereafter to be passed; and bonds bearing interest at the rate of 4 per cent per annum shall be issued in anticipation of the collection of such assessments, unless the property owners shall make payment thereof in cash within the time prescribed in the assessments less the amount of the assessment so paid in cash by the property owners; Provided that the number of front feet owned by each of the parties petition for said improvement shall be taken to mean the number of feet their respective properties face or abut on that part of said public alleys so to be improved.

Sec. 4. That E. D. Randall be, and he hereby is appointed to serve notice of the adoption of this resolution, in the manner prescribed by law, upon all the owners of property abutting upon said alleys between said points, who are residents of Allen county, except those who have signed the petition for said improvement, and who have thereby waived service of such notice.

Adopted February 25, 1901.

R. E. DAVIS,
President of the Council.

C. E. LYNCH, City Clerk.
feb-27-w&th-2w.

NOTICE TO WEST KIBBY STREET PROPERTY OWNERS.

The property owners on west Kibby street, between Main street and Oak street, will take notice that a petition has beenfiled in the office of the city clerk, purporting to be signed by a majority of such property owners and praying the city council to cause said street, between said points to be paved with brick. A hearing will be had on said petition in the council chamber before the city council, on Monday evening, March 18th, 1901, at 7 o'clock.

C. E. LYNCH, City Clerk.
March 5, 1901.
w-thu-2w.

AN ORDINANCE

To Improve West Elm Street, from West street to Cole Street, by grading same to be the Established Grade.

Be it ordained by the council of the city of Lima, as follows:

Sec. 1. That the improvement of west Elm street in said city, from West street to Cole street, be proceeded with in accordance with the resolution therefor adopted January 7, 1901, by grading the same to the established grade.

Sec. 2 That such grading shall be done in all respects in accordance with the plans, profiles and specifications therefor, heretofore adopted and now on file in the office of the city clerk.

Section 3. That the cost and expenses of said improvement, (less the cost of grading the public street and public alley intersections, and two percent of the total cost, which shall be charged to and paid by the city at large) shall be levied and assessed per front foot upon the several lots and tracks of land abutting upon said street between said points: Provided, that all lands abutting upon said street between said points, not subdivided into lots shall be assessed to the depth of 200 feet, that being the usual depth of lots fronting upon said street, and in that vicinity; and the assessment, when made, shall be made payable in four semi-annual installments, and in anticipation of the collection of such assessment and installments, the mayor and the ity clerk are hereby authorized and directed to issue bonds of the city, to be known as "West Elm Street Grading Bonds of the City of Lima, Ohio," in an amount sufficient to pay the estimated cost of said improvement; which said bonds shall be in denominations of not above One Thousand, ($1,000.00), Dollars each, and shall bear interest at the rate of four and one-half per cent per annum, payable annually, and shall be made payable in such periods not longer than three years as may be directed by the finance committee; all interest and bonds to be made payable at the office of the city treasurer.

Sec. 4. Said bonds shall be advertised for sale, and sold, in the manner prescribed by Section 2709 of the Revised Statutes of Ohio and the proceeds thereof shall be credited to a fund to be known as, "The West Elm Street Grading Fund," and shall be issued for the sole purpose of paying the cost and expenses of said improvement.

Sec. 5. That the city clerk be, and hereby is authorized and directed to advertise, in the manner prescribed by law, for sealed proposals for the making of said improvement.

Sec. 6. That this ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after the earliest time allowed by law.

R. E. DAVIS,
President of the Council.

C. E. LYNCH, City Clerk.
Passed March 4th, 1901.
mar. 7-2t.

NIGHT AIR BRACING.

It Is No More Injurious than the Atmosphere of Day.

In passing along a row of city tenements in the dawn of a midsummer day about ninety-nine of 100 windows can be seen tightly closed. Sleepers whose lungs crave life air as a desert traveler thirsts after a draft of cold water have excluded the refreshing night wind in obedience to the behest of a sanitary superstition, "Beware of draughts, get a dollar's worth of weather strips; be sure to close your windows after dark"—in other words, exclude the air which the children of nature have for myriads of ages breathed with perfect impunity, and poison your lungs with the azotized, sickening atmosphere of an unventilated bedroom. We might as well advise a health seeker to avoid rock springs and fill his water bucket at the effluent pipe of a festering city sewer. We might with the same logic admonish our children to beware of fresh vegetables and mountain strawberries and still their hunger with the garbage of a dump pile. Millions of travelers pass the night in boats and open sheds without the least injurious consequences; animals that perish with consumption in the atmosphere of a well-warmed menagerie survive the tremendous night storms of the tropical forests. Is night air a lung poison? Is the outdoor atmosphere made deadly by the absence of sunlight? Does the gas lamp of a stifling dormitory remedy that grievance? Must we exclude the cool night wind bringing relief to countless sufferers from the misery of a sweltering summer day? It is no exaggeration to say that individuals who have freed themselves from the nightmare of that superstition can live out-and-out healthier in the central wards of a large manufacturing town than its victims on the airiest highlands of the southern Alleghanies.—Chautauquan.

REMARKABLE CURES OF RHEUMATISM.

From the Vindicator, Rutherfordton, N. C.

The editor of the Vindicator has had occasion to test the efficacy of Chamberlain's Pain Balm twice with the most remarkable results in each case. First, with rheumatism in the shoulder from which he suffered excrutiating pain for ten days, which was relieved with two applications of Pain Balm, rubbing the parts afflicted and realizing instant benefit and entire relief in a very short time. Second, in rheumatism in thigh joint, almost prostrating him with severe pain, which was relieved by two applications, rubbing with the liniment on retiring at night, and getting up free from pain. For sale by H. F. Vortkamp, cor. Main and North streets.

Suit About Big Game.

Julius Heinz of New London, Wis., discovered a black bear in its den near there and went home for his rifle. The animal was gone when he returned, but he tracked it for two days, only to find at last that H. Schroeder, another hunter, had killed and sold it to a meat dealer for $40. Heinz claimed part of the money, and on being refused brought suit. The jury brought in the somewhat remarkable verdict that the carcass rightfully belonged to the man who discovered the animal in its den. The other man has appealed.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

"My stomach was affected by grip and I could eat nothing but crackers and milk. I began taking Dr. Miles' Nervine and Pain Pills and the trouble disappeared."—Mrs. J. Lindsey, Montrose, Minn.

Lincoln's Gigantic Creamery.

An English writer who has been investigating the production of butter and cheese in all countries says that the largest creamery in the world is at Lincoln, Neb. It has a capacity of 30,000 pounds of butter per day and an average daily output of 17,000 pounds.

That hacking cough easily cured if you use

DR. JAMES' CHERRY TAR SYRUP.

Pleasant and easy to take. Never fails.

At drug stores. 25 cents a bottle.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT.

Organ of the Democracy of Lima and Allen County.

Issued Every Evening Except Sunday.

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT PUBL'G CO.

OFFICE—TIMES BUILDING, No. 221 North Main Street, Lima, O.
TELEPHONE CALL, No. 84.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

STATE SENATOR.

Please announce the name of J. B. SUNDERLAND as Allen County's candidate for State Senator, subject to the decision of the Democracy at their primary election.

We are authorized to announce the name of STEPHEN D. CRITES, of Elida, as a candidate for the endorsement of the Allen county Democracy at its April primary, as a candidate for the nomination for State Senator at the district convention.

REPRESENTATIVE.

We are authorized to announce the name of H. H. ROUSH, of Bath township, as a candidate for Representative from Allen County, subject to the decision of the Democracy at their primary election.

We are authorized to announce the name of J. W. MANGES, of Richland township, as a candidate for Representative from Allen county, subject to the decision of the Democracy at their primary election.

We are authorized to announce the name of R. C. EASTMAN, of Lima, as a candidate for Representative from Allen County, subject to the decision of the Democracy at their primary election.

SHERIFF.

We are authorized to announce the name of J. A. STATES, of Monroe township, as a candidate for nomination for Sheriff of Allen county, subject to the decision of the Democracy at their primary election.

We are authorized to announce the name of E. J. BARR, as a candidate for nomination for Sheriff of Allen county, subject to the decision of the Democracy at their primary election.

We are authorized to announce the name of JACOB KISSEL, as a candidate for nomination for Sheriff of Allen county, subject to the decision of the Democracy at their primary election.

We are authorized to announce the name of HENRY VAN GUNTEN, as a candidate for Sheriff of Allen county subject to the decision of the Democracy at their primary election.

INFIRMARY DIRECTOR.

We are authorized to announce the name of W. E. GRUBB, of Lima, as a candidate for Infirmary Director, subject to the decision of the Democracy at their Primary Election.

We are authorized to announce the name of GEORGE A. HEFFNER, of Lima, as a candidate for Infirmary Director, subject to the decision of the Democracy at their primary election.

COUNTY COMMISSIONER

We are authorized to announce the name of I. D. CRIDER, of German township, as a candidate for County Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Democracy at their primary election.

We are authorized to announce the name of ALBERT HEFNER, of Perry township, as a candidate for County Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Democracy of Allen county at the primary election.

We are authorized to announce the name of D. S. COTNER, of Jackson township, as a candidate for County Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Democracy of Allen county at their primary election.

We are authorized to announce the name of S. H. ARNOLD, of Jackson township, as a candidate for County Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Democracy at their primary election.

We are authorized to announce the name of G. F. GETZ, of Bath township, as a candidate for County Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Democracy of Allen county at the primary election.

TREASURER.

We are authorized to announce the name of J. W. GENSEL, as a candidate for renomination for County Treasurer, subject to the decision of the Democracy of Allen county at the primary election.

CORONER.

We are authorized to announce the name of DR. T. M. JOHNSON, of Lima, as a candidate for nomination for Coroner of Allen county subject to the decision of the Democracy at their primary election.

We are authorized to announce the name of DR. ANDREW BICE, of Lima, as a candidate for nomination for Coroner of Allen county, subject to the decision of the Democracy at their primary election.

FOR MEMBER OF COUNCIL.

We are authorized to announce the name of RICHARD STONE, for member of City Council from the Second ward, Lima, subject to the decision of the Democracy at their primary election.

We are authorized to announce the name of JACOB J. HAEGE, for member of City Council from Second ward, Lima, subject to the decision of the Democracy at their primary election.

By request of many friends, please announce the name of JEROME SHINE for Councilman, Second ward, subject to Democratic primary.

We are authorized to announce the name of J. W. HARMON as a candidate for member of the City Council from the Second ward, subject to the decision of the Democratic primary election.

We are authorized to announce the name of MICHAEL DOYLE, as a candidate for member of Council from the First ward.

I wish to announce, I am a candidate for Council in the 7th Ward, subject to the decision of the Democratic primary. MICHAEL O'NEILL.

We are authorized to announce the name of ED. S. MOSES, as a candidate for member of the City Council, from the Fifth Ward, subject to the decision of the Democratic primary election.

We are authorized to announce the name of G. M. McCULLOUGH, as a candidate for member of Council, from the Third Ward, Lima, subject to the decision of the Democratic primary.

We are authorized to announce the name of E. E. WELKER, as a candidate for re-election to the City Council, from the Fourth Ward, subject to the Democratic primary.

We are authorized to announce the name of JOHN W. SHANNAHAN, as a candidate for nomination for second term as Councilman from the First Ward, Lima.

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.

We are authorized to announce the name of Wm. E. REILLY, of the Fifth ward, as a candidate for Justice of the Peace, subject to the decision of the Democracy at their primary election.

The Times-Democrat is authorized by the friends of attorney BEN S. HENDERSON to announce his name as a candidate for the office of JUSTICE OF THE PEACE, subject to the decision of the Democracy of the city of Lima at its coming primary election.

WATER WORKS TRUSTEE.

We are authorized to announce the name of JOHN THOMPSON, SR., of the Fourth ward, as a candidate for Water Works Trustee.

We are authorized to announce the name of JAMES PORTER, as a candidate for Water Works Trustee, subject to decision of the Democratic primary election.

We are authorized to announce the name of W. B. CRAIG, as a candidate for Water Works Trustee, subject to the decision of the Democratic primary.

MEMBER OF SCHOOL BOARD.

We are authorized to announce the name of H. S. PROPHET, as a candidate for re-nomination for member of the School Board from the Seventh ward, subject to the decision of the Democratic primary.

We are authorized to announce the name of ANNIE DISMAN, as a candidate for re-nomination for member of Board of Education from the Third Ward, subject to the decision of the Democratic primary.

Please announce that JAMES DONAHUE, is a candidate for renomination as a member of the School Board from the First Ward, subject to the decision of the Democratic primary.

JOEL SPIKER is a candidate for member of School Board from the Fifth ward, Lima, subject to the Democratic primary.

We are authorized to announce the name of JOHN SLONIKER as a candidate for member of School Board from the Fifth ward, subject to the Democratic primary.

DEMOCRATIC CITY PRIMARY ELECTION.

The qualified voters of the Democratic party of the city of Lima, Allen county, Ohio, are hereby notified to assemble at the places hereinafter named on March 14th, 1901, between the hours of 3 and 8 p. m., and then and there vote by ballot for a nominee for each of the following offices to be elected at the April election, A. D., 1901:

One candidate for Justice of the Peace.

One candidate for Water Works Trustee.

One candidate for Councilman in each of the several wards.

One candidate for Assessor in each of the several wards.

One candidate for member of School Board to serve for two years from the First, Third, Fifth and Seventh wards.

The following rules have been adopted by the City Central Committee of Lima, Ohio, for conducting said primary election:

First:—The said primary election shall be held in each of the several wards in the following places:

First ward, at north side hose house.

Second ward:

Third ward: Henry Hauenstein's bicycle shop, 133 east High street.

Fourth ward: A and C, at south side hose house.

Fourth ward, B:

Fifth ward: at Cramer's drug store.

Sixth ward: at Central fire department station.

Seventh ward: at agricultural secretary's room, court house.

Second: Said primary election shall be held on the 14th day of March, A. D., 1901, between the hours of 3 o'clock p. m., and 8 o'clock p. m., standard time.

Third: The committeeman from each ward may act as judge, or shall select a judge and clerks to assist in said election, and in case of failure or neglect on the part of such committeemen to so appoint, it shall be the duty of the chairman of the City Democratic Committee to make such appointments. Before entering upon the discharge of their duties such clerks and judges shall be duly qualified that they will correctly and faithfully conduct such election, protect it against fraud and unfairness, and carefully and truly canvass all votes cast thereat, by the rules and regulations adopted by the committee. The oath of office shall be administered by some officer duly authorized to administer oaths. The same shall be attached to and made a part of the returns. In case of any doubt or dispute of such returns, the committee shall canvass and declare the result.

Fourth: The following shall be deemed qualified to vote at said election. (1.) All those who are known to be Democrats. (2.) All those not known to be Democrats who shall state under oath that they voted the Democratic State ticket at the preceding State election. (3.) All those who are not voters who will cast their first vote at the coming April election, who will pledge themselves to vote the entire Democratic ticket. (4.) All Democrats who are entitled to vote at the election of Members of School Board shall be entitled to vote for the nomination of such members at said primary election.

Fifth: Qualified voters shall vote at the ward in which they have legal residence.

Sixth: The judges and clerks shall keep a correct poll book for said primary election, and a separate book for the nomination of Members of School Board, in the wards in which such members are to be nominated at said primary in each of which shall be recorded the names of every person voting thereon respectively, at said election, and they shall immediately after the close proceed to count the ballots cast thereat and make correct tally sheets of the same showing the exact number of votes cast for each candidate, which tally sheets and poll books shall be signed and sealed up with the ballots cast at said election and the same shall be immediately delivered to the chairman of the Democratic City Central Committee at the assembly room of the court house, where the result shall be made known. Any candidates upon said ticket may be present at the count of said votes, either in person or by one Democratic representative whom he shall empower therefor in writing.

Seventh: The Central Committee will have sufficient number of tickets printed and delivered to the committeeman of each voting precinct. No candidate is allowed to have any tickets printed and no tickets shall be used except such as are authorized by said Central Committee.

Eighth: The candidates must pay their assessments to J. R. Finnell, the secretary, on or before 7:30 o'clock p. m., of Tuesday, March 12, A. D., 1901, or their names will not appear on the primary tickets.

The above and foregoing was adopted by the City Democratic Central Committee, of Lima, Ohio, at a meeting held March 5, 1901.

W. T. COPELAND, Chairman.
J. R. FINNELL, Secretary.

The present commercial activity which prevails in this country is not confined to America alone, it has been general throughout the civilized world. Other peoples have been sharers in our good fortune. There is, happily, a national interdependence of good fortune as well as of ill fortune. Had our "good times" been exceptional there would have been less resultant advantage. A recent official statement of the value of domestic merchandise exported during 1900 by the three foremost rivals for commercial supremacy among the nations makes the following showing:

United States	$1,453,012,950
Great Britain	1,418,348,000
Germany	1,050,611,000

This extraordinary selling of domestic products could have only been possible because of extraordinary purchasing power and activity in the exchange of products. The imports of both Great Britain and Germany were in excess of the imports of the United States—a fact which indicates the existence of extremely healthful trading conditions.

There are not wanting signs that the high-water mark of commercial advancement has been reached. The rise and fall of the tides is hardly more regular than are the ups and downs of trade. Prosperity always leads to speculation and overtrading, and speculation and overtrading to consequent depression and disasters. We have had three fat years to follow in good time. We may now expect three lean years.

Plenty of fighting with China means very little trade with China, as the treasury department's statistics of exports abundantly demonstrate. Up to the close of January last our export trade had increased 13 per cent. over the aggregate for the corresponding seven months of the previous fiscal year; but exports to China had fallen off 50 per cent. The reduction is chiefly in the items of cotton cloth and petroleum, and the loss will undoubtedly be recouped when peaceful conditions shall once again prevail in that invaded and harassed empire.

The Cubans could not give a more significant evidence of their good will than in their suggestion that there should be reciprocal free trade in natural products between the United States and their island. But the Protectionists in this country are much more hostile to free trade with Cuba than with Porto Rico. What they want is a protectorate, which would enable them to distate the Cuban tariff in their own interest.

NO MORTGAGE ON CUBA.

Vicious Scheme to Saddle Spain's War Debt on the Island.

The holders of the so called "Cuban bonds" issued by Spain are said to be trying to induce congress to amend that section of the proposed Cuban constitution which forbids the government of the republic to assume these obligations.

This scheme is doubly vicious. In the first place, congress has no business to amend the Cuban constitution, even for a good purpose. All it has to do is to satisfy itself that the scheme of government provided for is workable and may reasonably be expected to secure order, and, second, to find out whether the constitution is satisfactory to the Cuban people. Information on the second point can be secured by submitting the constitution to a vote of the Cuban people and in no other way.

But even if the constitution were open to the amendment by congress at all the scheme of amending it for the benefit of the bondholders would still be a thing not to be tolerated. The bonds in question are said to amount to $450,000,000. They are not Cuban bonds at all. They are Spanish bonds, issued by the government of Spain and charged upon the Cuban revenues under Spanish rule simply because Spain had those revenues in her power.

They were issued principally for the support of the Spanish armies engaged in attempting to suppress the revolutions in Cuba.

If England, when she was fighting the American colonies, had issued bonds called "American bonds" and had paid the interest from the receipts of the New York custom house as long as she held it, the government of the United States might as reasonably have been expected to assume that debt as the republic of Cuba can be expected to assume the debt incurred by Spain in trying to suppress Cuban liberty.—New York Journal.

PARTY REORGANIZATION.

If the Democracy Needs Any, It Should Come From the Inside.

If any change in the present organization of the Democratic party is necessary, it can be made by the voters in the regular way and at the proper time. If in the meantime any member of the organization dies, resigns or is replaced, the new member ought to be in harmony with the people who select him, for as a member of the organization he acts in a representative capacity.

The only way to insure this harmony is to insist that the candidate shall be frank and candid in making known his views to those to whom he appeals, and every honest Democrat seeking party prominence with a sincere desire to aid the party will be willing to make known his views on every disputed question. Beware of the man who boasts of his Democracy, but refuses to define it.

The so called Democrats who voted the Republican ticket showed by so doing that they were nearer to the Republican position than they were to the Democratic position. In order to regain their confidence they must undergo a change or the Democratic party must move over toward the Republican position. As the reorganizers have manifested no change of heart the effort to reorganize might more properly be called an effort to Republicanize the Democratic party. To make the effort a success the Democrat must either be converted to Republican ideas or be deceived into the support of men who wear the livery of Democracy, but lean toward Republican doctrines.—Commoner.

Several Interested.

"I am intensely interested in this subsidy bill," said Senator Frye in the senate the other day. He is not the only prominent person in the like predicament. Mr. Griscom and the Messrs. Rockefeller are also "intensely interested." So is the country at large—interested to put the job beyond the chance of resurrection.—Washington Times.

SHIP SUBSIDIES.

EX-CONGRESSMAN JOHN DE WITT WARNER EXPOSES THE DEFECTS OF THE PENDING BILL.

Professed Aims of the Bill Are Shams—Slow Ships Useless For Auxiliary Cruisers or Mail Carriers. Futile Provisions For American Seamen—The Shipbuilding Which the Bill Is Supposed to Encourage Is Already Largely Under Construction or Ordered.

In the current issue of The Review of Reviews ex-Congressman John De Witt Warner of New York sets forth the following objections to the ship subsidy bill:

Of course the bill pretends that its authors are concerned for the "farms, factories, mines, forests and fisheries of the United States" and for the provision of "vessels, officers, engineers, machinists, electricians and seamen" for United States commerce and defense.

Framed as it is exclusively by those who propose to hire themselves at their own price and who did not admit to their deliberation any representative either of agriculture, wage earners, seamen or our navy or war department, we should expect to find just what we find here—that the professed aims of the bill are shams set up to distract attention from the raid planned.

As to export trade, a late amendment expressly provides that to get full subsidy a ship need carry out but half a cargo load; while she gets the main, or "speed," subsidy though she do not carry a pound of cargo. Furthermore, the highest subsidies are specifically given to the classes of ships that not merely do not, but cannot, carry much export cargo but which "export" tourists and "import" immigrants—the International's fast passenger steamers, for example, getting 11 times the subsidy in proportion to cargo that does a standard freighter.

The vessels now building by our government average about 23 knots speed. Of all ships in existence that would draw this subsidy there are but four above 20 knots, and its friends admit that no others will be built. It is plain how useless would be transports and cruisers that could neither fight nor run and how fatally would fast war vessels be impeded by the company of slow ones. Furthermore, the ships that would get most subsidies are already under mail contracts, which put them at the disposal of our government under requirements more rigid than proposed by the pending bill—which expressly permits cancellation of present contracts.

It is ludicrous to estimate that against the $9,000,000 per annum should be offset any considerable sum for the free mail carriage provided by the bill. As noted, the bill induces no construction of new ships over 17 knots, and its inducements for speed stop at 21 knots on test run. This is so far behind the practical needs that, though the International company (which would get the greatest share of speed subsidy) received last year two-thirds of the total paid by the United States for carrying foreign mails from New York, the postoffice had to hire British and German steamers at half the cost to carry three or four times the mail it committed to the International. Nothing could be more worthless than the right to have mails carried free by ships already too slow to be trusted with them.

As to American sailors, the bill provides that subsidized ships (1) have one-fourth their crew citizens or intended citizens; (2) that one American boy be employed for every 1,000 tons shipping, and (3) that fishermen serving on ships (subsidized for the year at $2 per ton, in case they run three months) be given $1 per month while actually employed. As to these: (1) is nullified by proviso that if the master cannot reasonably get one-fourth Americans he need not; (2) is made worthless by proviso that the American boy need be paid only what his work is worth, and as to (3), there being no minimum wage, our government would simply pay $1 of ordinary wages for which the American fishermen would still work. Finally, the ships which would get most of this subsidy are now compelled under their mail contracts to have half American crew and to employ the same number of American boys, but to treat them as petty officers; so that the effect of the subsidy bill, which releases these ships from their present contract, would be to lessen the number of American sailors and American boys employed.

As to ship owning, the bill leaves intact our navigation laws prohibiting importation of ships or obscene literature, letting in for American registry only a few vessels that the authors of the bill and their friends had already bought. As to shipbuilding, our shipyards, without subsidy, are already crowded to their utmost capacity, and the most advanced types of steamers—larger than any heretofore built—have lately been contracted for here at prices lower than foreigners would build them.

Worst of all, in respect of securing new shipbuilding, the bill is largely sham. For example, the owner of an American ship now running, on giving bond for $10,000 to build new tonnage, might draw $570,000 in subsidy before the bond became available.

Again, as the United States shipping commissioner notes at page 50 of his report for 1900, tonnage now constructing in the United States, whether for coasting or foreign trade, can be offered to offset subsidized tonnage in operation. The result is obvious on comparing the list of subsidy expectants in regard to ships now built with that of those now building ships here. That is to say, the chief subsidy beggars, already owning both foreign and American built steamers and already, without subsidy, building new ships here, have by this bill provided subsidy for their present ships, conditioned on their building new shipping, which, in fact, they had already ordered.

Ship Subsidy a Sham.

A strenuous effort is being made to bring to the support of Mr. Hanna's pet measure of subsidizing ostensibly our entire merchant marine, although in reality only a small portion of it, that sentiment in favor of protective tariff laws which has so long swayed our governmental policy. But it is not alone among the ranks of those who are opposed to high tariffs or who advocate their abolition entirely that opposition to ship subsidies exists, for even among the stanchest protectionists there are many who fail to see why a steamship company should be paid by the government for running a ship any more than individuals should be paid for building houses or raising wheat. The whole argument in favor of protection is assumedly based on the idea that the fostering of certain classes of industries will stimulate the development of others, and it is quite possible to design ship subsidy schemes which will, ostensibly at least, work on this theory.

In order to do this, however, it is scarcely necessary to point out that whatever bonus there may be must be earned by increasing the facilities for carrying goods and passengers, preferably the former, in the largest quantities possible. Yet in the face of this the measure now pending in the senate offers no inducement to the carriers to cater to increased trade, for it is so drawn that the subsidy which vessels would earn is practically irrespective of the cargoes that they carry. As the minority report again points out, "admitting that the public may gain something by the voyage of a ship which carries out a full cargo of American products, no one will claim that the public gains anything if the ship carries no cargo." Yet it is exactly this contingency for which the bill artfully provides. Not content with carefully safeguarding the interests of the favored corporations in whose special behalf it has been prepared against a loss of all their subsidy in case they should by bad luck fail to have a response made by shippers to such facilities as they may offer, in effect it insures them against any loss of subsidy, no matter how total may be the absence of demand for these facilities, which demand alone could be an adequate public excuse for assisting the vessel lines. Little wonder then that so many stanch Republican protectionists should repudiate the effort to make this piece of legislative favoritism the first fruits of an election won by a marshaling of the hosts in support of sound currency.

Drive the Rascal Out.

SENATOR DEPEW'S INACCURACY.

Erroneous Notion That the Merchant Fleets of Great Britain, Norway, Etc., Are Largely Subsidized.

Senator Depew's speech in support of the ship subsidy bill contained the curiously inaccurate statement that "all nations are agreed that their merchant marine can be built up only by bounties."

If instead he had said that all the nations whose merchant marines are greatest and growing fastest grant no subsidies or bounties at all of the kind provided by the Hanna-Frye bill, he would have told the exact truth.

Great Britain and Norway are the two countries whose merchant shipping shows the largest rates of annual increase. Norway pays no ship subsidies or bounties of any kind. Great Britain pays none either of the kind proposed by Mr. Hanna and pleaded for by our junior senator.

No British shipowner draws a cent from the British treasury because his ships are built in British shipyards or because the wages paid to British crews are higher than those paid to Russian or Italian crews, though they are.

The British government pays for the carrying of the mails, and the fastest steamers get the money every time. It also pays certain stipulated sums for the right to carry certain swift steamships on its list of auxiliary war vessels and to muster them into the government's naval service at any time. And in consideration of these payments such merchant vessels have to be so constructed as to be quickly convertible into armed cruisers.

In short, the so called British bounties or subsidies are nothing more than payments for actual value received either in the shape of mail or war service. The Hanna-Frye subsidy scheme is not framed on the "value received" principle at all. It is a bald proposition to make a few shipowners and shipbuilders—less than two dozen firms all together—a present of $9,000,000 a year and tax all the people to pay for it.—New York World.

Cheap-Rate Excursions to California

Only $30 from Chicago.
Tuesdays, until April 30.
Tickets good in tourist sleepers and chair cars.
The Santa Fe Route most directly reaches the great oil producing districts of southern California. Phenomenal yields, rivaling the best eastern fields. A fine opportunity for everybody.

Santa Fe Route.

Address, F. T. Hendry, General Agent Passenger Department, 131 Griswold Street, Detroit.

AN ORDINANCE.

To Improve Haller Street, from West Street to Baxter Street, by Grading Same to the Established Grade.

Be it ordained by the Council of the City of Lima, as follows:

SECTION 1. That the improvement of Haller street in said city, from West street to Baxter street, be proceeded with in accordance with the resolution therefor adopted January 7, 1901, by grading the same to the established grade.

SEC. 2. That such grading shall be done in all respects in accordance with the plans, profiles and specifications therefor, heretofore adopted, and now on file in the office of the City Civil Engineer.

SEC. 3. That the cost and expenses of such grading, (less the proportionate cost and expenses of grading the public street and public alley intersections, and two per cent of the total cost, all of which shall be paid out of the general revenues of the city), shall be assessed per front foot upon the lots and tracts of land abutting upon said street between said points, and such assessment, when made, shall be made payable at such time as may hereafter be determined by an assessing ordinance, and the assessment, when made, shall be transferred to such party as the city may procure to do such work, in payment of the work.

SEC. 4. That the City Clerk be, and he hereby is authorized and directed to advertise for bids for the making of said improvement, in the manner prescribed by law.

SEC. 5. That this ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after the earliest time allowed by law.

R. E. DAVIS,
President of the Council.

C. E. LYNCH, City Clerk.
Passed March 4th, 1901. 3-28

AN ORDINANCE.

To Improve North Metcalf Street, from McKibben Street to Murphy Street, by grading the Same to the Established Grade

Be it ordained by the Council of the City of Lima, as follows:

SECTION 1. That the improvement of North Metcalf street in said city, from McKibben street to Murphy street, be proceeded with in accordance with the resolution therefor adopted January 7, 1901, by grading the same to the established grade.

SEC. 2. That such grading shall be done in all respects in accordance with the plans, profiles and specifications therefor, heretofore adopted, and now on file in the office of the City Civil Engineer.

SEC. 3. That the cost and expenses of such grading, (less the proportionate cost and expenses of grading the public street and public alley intersections, and two per cent of the total cost, all of which shall be paid out of the general revenues of the city), shall be assessed per front foot upon the lots and tracts of land abutting upon said street between said points, and such assessment, when made, shall be made payable at such time as may hereafter be determined and fixed by an assessing ordinance, and the assessment, when made, shall be transferred to such party as the city may procure to do such work, in payment for the work.

SEC. 4. That the City Clerk be, and he hereby is authorized and directed to advertise for bids for the making of said improvement, in the manner prescribed by law.

SEC. 5. That this ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after the earliest time allowed by law.

R. E. DAVIS,
President of the Council.

C. E. LYNCH, City Clerk.
Passed March 4th, 1901. 3-28

AN ORDINANCE.

To Improve Cherry Alley, from the North Line of Out-lot No. 318 to the South Line of In-lot No. 1771, by Grading Same to the Established Grade.

Be it ordained by the Council of the City of Lima, as follows:

SECTION 1. That the improvement of Cherry alley in said city, from the north line of Out-lot No. 318 to the south line of In-lot No. 1771, be proceeded with in accordance with the resolution therefor adopted January 7, 1901, by grading same to the established grade.

SEC. 2. That such grading shall be done in all respects in accordance with the plans, profiles and specifications therefor, now on file in the office of the City Civil Engineer.

SEC. 3. That the cost and expenses of such grading shall be assessed per front foot upon the lots and lands abutting upon said alley between said points, and such assessments shall be made payable at such time as may hereafter be determined by an assessing ordinance to be passed, and the assessment when made, shall be transferred to such party as the city may procure to do such work, in payment for the work.

SEC. 4. That the City Clerk be, and he hereby is authorized and directed to advertise for bids for the making of said improvement, in the manner prescribed by law.

SEC. 5. That this ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after the earliest time allowed by law.

R. E. DAVIS,
President of the Council.

C. E. LYNCH, City Clerk.
Passed March 4th, 1901. 3-28

For Grip aches use Dr. Miles' Pain Pills.

Sold by all druggists.

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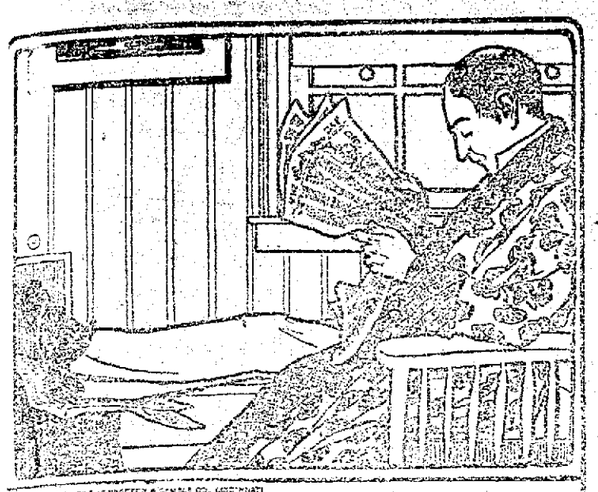


A LITTLE BIG WASTE.

DISTINGUISH between economy and wisdom. Sitting at home to save shoe-leather is economy, but it is scarcely wisdom. In the same way, doing without Ivory Soap is economy but it isn't wise; your risks are greater than all possible saving. Every cheap soap contains free alkali. Now, free alkali will eat its way through the new oil cloth on the kitchen floor Imagine then what it will do in a single Monday's washing! Is such economy wise?

COMMITTEE

Ten Arranging for Its Protest.

nference With the State Board of Equalization Will be Held Next Thursday.

The committee of ten chosen from Board of Trade, is in session at auditor's office this afternoon, the eting being called for the purpose putting into proper shape the data be furnished the state board of ualization in protest against the inased property valuation.

Messrs. Halfhill and Huffman who re appointed to go to Columbus and ure facts and figures have returned m their mission and state auditor lbert arranged with the board to e the Lima delegation an audience Thursday of next week.

The following additional subscripns have been added to the fund:

Ten Dollars—Lima Natural Gas Co. d Lima Brewing Co.

Five Dollars—Schuthers Bro's., C. G mmer, G. W. McCullough, W. H. rper, Sinclair & Morrison.

Three Dollars—Carroll & Cooney, J. Sullivan, E. Gale, Wm. Tigner.

Two Dollars—E. W. Jackson, B. S. rter.

One Dollar—Dr. J. F. Matthews.

Hives are a terrible torment to the le folks, and to some older ones. ddly cured. Doan's Ointment never ls. Instant relief, permanent cure. any drug store, 50 cents.

MA CHAPTER NO. 49, R. A. M.

Special convocation tomorrow, (Fri-y) afternoon and evening commenc-g at 3 o'clock.

Ballot and work on Royal Arch de-ee.

W. J. SHEPHERD, H. P.
WALLACE LANDIS, Sec'y.

"Grip made me very weak and nervous with tightness of chest and headche. Dr. Miles' Pain Pills and Nervine gave me quick relief."—Mrs. Irinda Butler, W. Wheeling, O.

LAST SEASON

e Weather Was Colder in March Than it is Now.

It will be encouraging to the people o think that this weather is severe, be remined of the fact that in rch of last year the weather was d from the 5th to the 17th, and on latter date the mercury stood be-zero. We have something to look ward to later in the month.

I was given up to die from heart nervous troubles caused by grip. bottles each of Dr. Miles' Heart e and Nervine cured me."—Mrs. n Wollet, Jefferson, Wis.

After suffering for two months from evere attack of grip I found quick ef and a lasting cure by using Dr. es' Nervine, Pain Pills and Heart e."—Harry Abbott, Cincinnati, O.

THE IDLER.

W. F. Numan, secretary of the Lima Board of Trade, and one of the interested parties in the new Findlay-Lima electric line, to be built by the Western Ohio people, was in the city yesterday morning. To the Republican, Mr. Numan said: "We surely are going to build the from Findlay to Lima. We already have a great deal of the right-of-way in this county secured and the prospects are flattering. The fact is, when our Mr. Carpenter announced at the public meeting here in January that the company would not build the line, he was perfectly sincere. But developments have been so greatly in our favor that we were convinced that the people of the towns enroute, and the farmers, wanted us to build the line. We certainly will build it and just as soon as it is possible to do so."—Findlay Republican.

* * *

The degree staff of Golden Gate lodge No. 260 and all members of the lodge that can, are requested to meet at their hall Friday afternoon at 2 o'clock sharp for practice. By order of the CAPTAIN.

* * *

Albert Dimond, of the firm of Dimond Bros, retail grocers, is receiving the congratulations of his friends today, on the account of the advent of a bran new ten pound boy baby, who came this morning to add sunshine to his home on McKibben street.

BOOKS ARE HERE.

And Those Waiting for Theirs Can Now be Supplied.

The extra demand for the Dictionaries, Book of Health and War Books has been so great that there has been great difficulty in supplying the demand. We have, however, received a consignment of them and all can now be supplied.

First come, first served. Let all who want either of the books come in and get them before this present lot is exhausted.

21-4t.

F—I—S—H at Townsend's.

More Dismissals Imminent.

New York, March 7.—Daniel E. Dowling, the deputy surveyor of the customs service whose resignation was asked for the first of the month, has resigned. The shake-up which started last week with the dismissal of the 31 inspectors on the surveyor's staff and the request for the resignation of the two deputy supervisors, it was said, will be followed by other dismissals at an early date.

Captured the Town.

Cape Town, March 7.—The Boers who captured Pearston, on the Great Riet river, Sunday morning, numbered 700 and had two guns. They are still in possession of the town. The garrison consisted of 25 colonels and 50 town guards.

Ran into a Freight.

Columbus, Neb., March 7.—A Union Pacific passenger train ran into the rear end of a freight train here and John Mendall of Iowa, who was shipping stock to Washington, was instantly killed, and his nephew, John King, severely injured.

FOOT

Of the Tramp Was Frozen,

But the Offer

Of Assistance in Lima Was Refused.

The Unfortunate Boarded a Train, Determined to Reach Marion,

Where He Claimed to Have Relatives Who Would Care for Him. News from the City Across the Bridge.

A tramp discovered in the Erie yards last night, was found to have a badly frozen foot, which he refused to have cared for, until he reached Marion, where he claims to have relatives. He had a cold ride out on a freight.

S. D. Long, of Kenton, is visiting a few days with south side friends.

Bernard Biracree, of Greenlawn avenue, who is employed temporarily at the Solar refinery, had his eye burned yesterday by acid. The injury while painful is not very serious.

The Dorcas society will meet in social session at the home of Miss Hoover, of east Elm street tomorrow afternoon.

The social contingency of the Modern Woodmen will be entertained by a member on east Kibby street this evening.

Miland and Kirch, Columbus evangelists, have inaugurated an interesting series of revival meetings at the Second street Mission church.

Charles Woolery is home from a protracted visit at Huntington, Ind.

J. S. Fox, of south Main street, left today for Warsaw, Ind., where he has accepted a position in a machine shop in that city.

Mrs. James Huffman, of west Vine street, is confined to her home by quite a severe sickness.

The venerable Mrs. Huffman, of south Lima, is still critical ill.

William Piper, of south Main street, is on the sick list.

A. Settlemyer, now at Ashville, Ga., is being much benefitted by the climate, and will remain permanently.

L. D. Mills is in Kenton, for a few days visit with relatives.

Last summer A.C. Cooney, formerly of McGuffey, spent some time in British Columbia, prospecting in mining interests. At the time his investments were deemed poor, but recently he received flattering reports of the prospects and will leave in a few weeks for the Raincreek district, where he and his friends are hopeful of ultimate success.

This morning a wheel on a buggy in which B. C. Gibson was riding, came off while he was rapidly driving on south Main street, throwing the ocupant out, resulting in his being dragged a little distance, terminating in the infliction of a few painful cuts and bruises. The horse was stopped before any further damage was done.

A party of her young friends playing ghost at the home of Ella Lowy, of Second street, so terribly frightened her as to render her almost prostrate for a considerable time.

Mrs. Frank Miller has returned to her home in Celina, after a visit with her daughter, Mrs. John Schenk, of east Elm street.

Yesterday an infant child of Mr. and Mrs. William Burls, of Circular street, found and ate a small quantity of Red Seal lye which had been placed as poison for rats. Fortunately it was discovered in time to be saved from any very serious consequences by the attention of a physician.

Miss Wilcox, the deaconess, who has been assisting in the Grace M. E. church during the past few weeks, has it is understood, been engaged by this conference to remain permanently in this city, to assist the local ministers in their varied church workings. She was formerly employed as a deaconess by a conference in Chicago. Her efforts in religious undertakings on the south side lately have proved her preeminent qualifications for the duties she has to perform with much resultant good individually and denominationally.

The characteristic kindheartedness of railroad men is demonstrated by their conduct toward a widow woman and her three small children, who reside along the L. E. & W. track about six miles south of here. The railroaders learned in some way of her destitution, and of late sufficient quantities of coal are frequently thrown off in front of her house which saves the poor woman a considerable expense. The other day a conductor on one of the L. E. & W. trains slowed down his train to set off potatoes and flour which was an opportune act of charity. Often old clothes of various kinds are thrown off which can be made over for the children. Strangely enough, the deserving object of all this charity does not know the donors and suffices to greatfully accept the kindness. The commendable modesty of the benefactors constrains the writer to withhold their names for the present, but they certainly deserve great redit.

"Died of a broken heart" is an expression employed only in a figurative sense. The other day however, W. D. Sackett, an Erie dining car chief, who has run through Lima several years, expired suddenly at Galion. A postmortem disclosed his heart deeply rent by ulceration, death resulting, truly from a broken heart.

The South Lima Oil company held a meeting Monday evening at which among other important matters, a full corps of officers were elected for the ensuing year. The company did a creditable business the past year and expect even better results this year.

"A dose in time saves lives." Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup; nature's remedy for coughs, colds, pulmonary diseases of every sort.

MacArthur Explains.

Washington, March 7. — General MacArthur has informed the war department of his action in the case of Mario Dreu, a lieutenant colonel of the insurgents, who was convicted by a military commission at Manilla of larceny and violations of the laws of war and sentenced to confinement at hard labor for 15 years. In his review of the case General MacArthur says: "The evidence clearly shows that his general plan of operation was to visit a house in the night time, with a band of which he was the leader, assault and abuse the husband and wife and threaten them with death to induce them to produce their money and other valuables."

Congressional Appropriations.

Washington, March 7.—Representative Cannon, chairman of the house committee on appropriations, and Representative Livingston, the senior Democratic member of the committee, have prepared statements of the appropriations of the Fifty-sixth congress which will be printed in The Record. Both place the total appropriations for the congress at $1,440,062,545, placing those for the first session at $710,150,862 and for the second at $729,911,683.

Sent Up For Life.

Lexington, Ky., March 7.—Thomas Christian, white, a horse trainer and ex-bank clerk, who shot to death Frank Perkins, colored, a trainer and brother of Jockey "Soup" Perkins, here in October, was given a life sentence. Christian entered Perkins' home with an acquaintance to see Cora Van Tassel, a former notoe actress, and was ejected for alleged misconduct. He later returned with a winchester and shot Perkins.

Thirty Men Crushed.

Moscow, March 7.—During the recent heavy snowstorms 50 men were sent to clear the snow out of a railway cutting near Wolovo, on the Riazon-Ural line. They were just leaving the cutting when the train came down at full speed and crushed about 30 men into shapeless masses, their clothing clogging the axles and stopping the train. Inquiry shows that the engine driver and all the guards were drunk.

Accused of Murder.

Knobnoster, Mo., March 7.—William Wisely, colored, is in jail here on the charge of having murdered Nellie Allen, 17, a white girl. The girl's body was found in the middle of the street near her home. Her body showed marks of violence. Wisely declares his innocence. Miss Allen was the daughter of a widow and bore a good reputation.

Balfour's Action.

London, March 7. — Mr. Balfour's proposal to make suspension for the remainder of the session the penalty of disobedience to the chair is expected to lead to an angry debate. The action of the Irish members is universally condemned, but at the same time Mr. Balfour's attempt to drive, rather than lead, the house meets with much disapproval.

Indiana Anti-Lynching Bill.

Indianapolis, March 7. — Senator Barlow's anti-lynching bill was passed by the house. It provides that the office of sheriff shall be vacated whenever a prisoner in his charge is lynched, and the sheriff must show to the satisfaction of the governor that he was not remiss in duty before he is restored to office.

Conspiracy Charged.

Louisville, March 7. — W. Greer Campbell, said to be a prominent merchant of Denver, and his attorney, E. G. Bennett, and a business associate, W. L. Beatty were arrested here on a warrant sworn out by P. Galt Miller, a leading business man of Louisville. The three Denver men are charged with conspiring to institute a false prosecution in the name of the commonwealth of Kentucky against Robert Kilgore of Louisville, charging Kilgore with fraudulently conspiring to defraud the North Cumberland Manufacturing company out of 47 or more of its bonds.

CONSUMERS

USUALLY RECOGNIZE

MERIT.

FACTORY SMOKER TEN CENT CIGAR

Costs the retailer more and is the best value on the American market for the price. It is not handsome to look at, being roughly made, as our object is to retain quality.

FOR SALE BY the following dealers in Lima, Ohio:—

The Lima Club.
A. Koch.
Joseph Goldsmith.
Wm. Melville.
W. H. Cahill.
T. Morrison.
Negelspach Bros.
W. B. Halm.
Brooker & Courson.
Pochel & Dennis.
Chas. L. Ackerman.
A Miller.
T. N. Cunningham.
Baker & Guncheon.

The quality and price does not permit us to advertise as extensively as are some cigars on the market. We believe all that is necessary is to call the attention of the consumer to it.

COL. SELLERS,

The Old Reliable Awning Man, is in the City Taking Orders.

As certain a sign of the approach of spring as the advent of the blue bird is the appearance upon our streets of Colonel Sellers, the Toledo awning man, who is now in Lima calling upon his customers. The colonel furnishes the finest awnings made, and his prices are right. No one has prettier designs in canvass for residence awnings, nor does anyone furnish better frames or those which work better. Any word for Mr. Sellers from those desiring awnings may be left at the TIMES-DEMOCRAT office, and he will promptly call with his samples and quote prices.

THIRD WARD DEMOCRATS.

Democrats of precinct A. Third Ward, who desire to be candidates for delegates will hand their names to J. W. R. Attleberger during the present week.

SIXTH WARD DEMOCRATS.

Democrats wishing to be candidates on the delegate ticket at the county primary will hand their names to Peter Weot by Thursday evening.

FIRST WARD.

Persons wishing to be delegates to either of the conventions during the year will please hand their names to T. J. Daly before next Saturday evening, March 9, at eight o'clock.

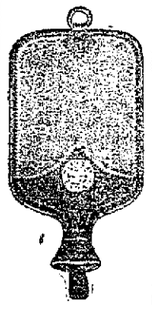
T. J. DALY, Com.

"I owe my whole life to Burdock Blood Bitters. Scrofulous sores covered by body. I seemed beyond cure. B. B. B. has made me a perfectly well woman." Mrs. Chas. Hutton, Berville, Mich.

INVITATION TO ADVERTISERS.

We cordially invite all advertisers and others interested in newspaper circulation to visit our press room and inspect the circulation of the Times-Democrat as it is run out from our fast Hoe press. We absolutely guarantee a circulation greater than any other Lima newspaper has now or ever had in its history of this city.

Boyd Douglas for Meats. s&w-tf



50c HOT WATER BOTTLES 50c

—AT THE—
Enterprise Drug Store,
Rubber Goods of All Kinds.
We Deliver Goods
New 'Phone 311.

REPUBLICAN ANNOUNCEMENTS.

Please announce the name of D. C. RICHMOND, Sr., for Water Works Trustee for second term, subject to decision of Republican primary.

We are requested to announce the name of T. A. DOBBINS as a candidate for member of the City Council from the Fifth ward, subject to the decision of the Republican primary.

WANTED.

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Call at 708 west High street. 20-3t.*

FOR SALE—News and Cigar stand. Good location, nice business, terms reasonable. Address C, Times-Democrat. 21-3t-*

QUILNA CHIEF COLT—For sale; bay gelding three years old this spring; a good driver, and actor, and a very handsome colt, sired by Quilna Chief and the dam a road mare. For sale cheap. Joseph Andrews, Celina, Ohio. 21-3t*

WANTED—Girl for general house work. Enquire of Mrs. H. M. Moore, 508 west High street. 3-3t

WANTED—A girl for general house work. Call on Mrs. A. J. Simons, 991 west North street. 3-3t

If I had Grip I would use Dr. Miles' Pain Pills and Dr. Miles' Nervine.

Sold at all druggists.

Plenty of Oysters at Townsend's.

Faurot Opera House

Thursday, March. 7th.

DUNNE & RYLEY'S magnificent new production,

A Milk White Flag

By Chas. H. Hoyt.

Company of 40 People.

Military Band and Operatic Orchestra. Teeming with specialties and Brilliant Musical Numbers.

Seats, 25c, 50c, 75c and $1.00, on sale Wednesday.

Head-quarters

FOR

Bone Dry

LUMBER

and Prices always the Lowest, at

THEO. FEIST'S,

316 East Market Streets

Henry Vanguntea, one of Allen county's staunch Democrats, presents himself to the Democracy as a candidate for SHERIF F. tu-th-&s-tf

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GOLD DUST

THE BEST Washing Powder

STATUES FOR WOMEN.

Only Four Shafts Honor the Fair Sex of England.

Birmingham, the great English manufacturing town, has just added a new statue of the late Queen Victoria to the large number that already exist of her majesty, but apart from royalty, it will surprise many to learn that only four women have been honored by statues in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland. At Paddington green stands a memorial of Sarah Siddons, the great actress. It is of white marble, by L. Chavalliaud, after the famous painting by Reynolds. Mrs. Siddons lived at Paddington for many years, the present railway station standing on the site of her farm. Another marble statue of a woman stands on the bridge at Walsall to the memory of a worthy native, "Sister Dora." Miss D. W. Pattison, as her proper name was, spent twelve years of her life in nursing the poor. She was renowned far and wide for the sacrifices she made in ministering to the ailing who could not afford to engage professional nurses. Walsall has perpetuated her memory by erecting a beautiful statue, which cost £1,050. At Inverness, on Castle hill, there is a statue to Flora MacDonald, the Jacobite heroine. She will be remembered for the assistance she rendered Prince Charles Edward, after the disaster at Culloden, to escape the Skye dressed in a woman's attire. The statue cost $5,000, left by the late Captain Henderson MacDonald for the purpose. The fourth statue of a woman is at Dunoon. It is to the memory of "Highland Mary," whose romantic connection with the life of Robert Burns will be known to all admirers of the Scottish poet.

NIGHT WAS HER TERROR.

"I would cough nearly all night long," writes Mrs. Chas Applegate, of Alexandria, Ind., "and could hardly get any sleep. I had consumption so bad that if I walked a block I would cough frightfully and spit blood, but when all other medicines failed, three bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery wholly cured me and I gained 55 pounds." It's absolutely guaranteed to cure coughs, colds, la grippe, bronchitis and all throat and lung troubles. Price 50c and $1.00. Trial bottle free at H. F. Vortkamp's drug store, cor. Main and North streets.

New White Cement Plaster.

Large deposit of magnesite has been found in southern India, and the officers of a Portland cement works at Madras have succeeded in producing a white cement plaster which has magnesium for a basis. This cement can be used for plastering walls, and dries so speedily that rooms are ready for occupancy within forty-eight hours. It can be painted or else colored by mixing coloring matter.

A HORRIBLE OUTBREAK

"Of large sores on my little daughter's head developed into a case of scald head" writes C. D. Isbill, of Morganton, Tenn., but Bucklen's Arnica Salve completely cured her. It's a guaranteed cure for Eczema, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Pimples, Sores, Ulcers and Piles. Only 25 cents at H. F. Vortkamp's cor. Main and North streets.

Boarded the Fourth Car.

A St. Louis man was chagrined because three street cars had passed him in the rain without as much as hesitating. He broke the window of the fourth car with a stone. It came to a standstill and he coolly boarded it and took a seat. The conductor had him arrested, but in the police court the judge fined him and then remitted the fine, saying that he had noticed the tendency of the street car company to pass passengers and he believed the prisoner's story.

If troubled with rheumatism, give Chamberlain's Pain-Balm a trial. It will not cost you a cent if it does no good. One application will relieve the pain. It also cures sprains and bruises in one-third the time required by any other treatment. Cuts, burns, frostbites, quinsey, pains in the side and chest, glandular and other swellings are quickly cured by applying it. Every bottle warranted. Price, 25 and 50 cents. For sale by H. F. Vortkamp, cor. Main and North streets. mchl-4m

"I had grip three months; could not sleep; pain all over and headache very bad. Dr. Miles' Nervine, Pain Pills and Liver Pills made me well." Mrs. E. C. Bowlby, Waterloo, Ind.

A THEATER TICKET.

A Question That a Washington Court Has Passed Upon.

Little attention has been paid to a case recently decided at Washington that involved the rights of theater manager and patron. A negro bought a seat on the lower floor of a Washington theater and attended a performance. During the evening the manager requested the negro to relinquish his place and leave the theater, offering him the money that had been paid for the ticket. This was refused and the negro was ejected. A suit for damages resulted. The plaintiff in this case did not take action under the civil rights law, and only set forth his alleged rights as a citizen to occupy a place in a theater upon payment of the usual fee. The defense took the ground that a ticket for a reserved seat is merely a license revokable at the will of the manager in whose theater it is sold upon a return of its price. This contention, which is generally held by managers and in many cases put into words on the tickets sold, did not stand in court, where it was declared that a ticket-holder of a reserved seat in a theater has rights similar to those of a lessee for a specified term, subject only to the manager's police power to enforce order and maintain decency on his premises. Going further than this, the trial court cited an opinion that prevails in the United States supreme court to the effect that a manager of a place of amusement to which the public is invited to come on payment for places is not a private enterprise owing no duty to its patrons, but a place "clothed with a public interest because used in a manner to make it of public consequence and to affect the community at large." This disposes effectively of the idea that has come to prevail among certain managers that the operation of a theater is a "private business."—Dramatic Mirror.

Mr. J. W. Patterson, night police at Nashua, Ia., says: "In January I had a very bad cold on my lungs, and used half a dozen different cough medicines and prescriptions from two doctors, but grew worse all the time. I finally bought a bottle of Foley's Honey and Tar and after using two-thirds of it, I was entirely cured."

H. F. Vortkamp, cor. Main and North streets.

Improvements in Sponge Fishing.

The art of sponge fishing is likely to be revolutionized by the introduction of 2,000 candle power electric arc lamps. At present the fishing apparatus is limited to a long pole for spearing, and a water-glass. If the lamps prove successful, greater depths may be reached and larger and finer sponges secured.

Descendants of Mayflower Emigrants.

Wisconsin now has a branch of the Society of Mayflower descendants, with 28 members, all but two being women. To be eligible one must be a lineal descendant of a passenger of the voyage of the Mayflower which terminated at Plymouth, Mass., in December, 1620.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

Patti's Big Prices.

Mme. Adelina Patti, now 57 years of age, for many years past stood at the head of the music financiers of her set and at the present time her terms for concerts in London are $2,000. Her record for a single twelvemonth is $350,000, and for a single performance $11,000. Buenos Ayres is the field in which the last named harvest was reaped.

"When I was prostrated with grip and my heart and nerves were in bad shape, Dr. Miles' Nervine and Heart Cure gave me new life and health."—Mrs. Geo. Cilie, Elgin, Ills.

Must Exalt Our Work.

Man must work. That is certain as the sun. But he may work grudgingly; or he may work gratefully; he may work as a man, or he may work as a machine. He cannot always choose his work, but he can do it in a generous temper, and with an up-looking heart. There is no work so rude that he may not exalt it; there is no work so impassive that he may not breathe a soul into it; there is no work so dull that he may not enliven it.—Henry Giles.

PAST AND PRESENT.

Sing ho! for the days of old,
When the robbers bold and free
In the forest deep did vigil keep
Under the greenwood tree.

They cared not for law or rule;
Might was the law they knew;
And robbed at will o'er dale and hill,
And spared when they pleased, or slew.

Nor made they a specious plea
For the lustry trade they plied;
But free and bold in quest of gold
They robbing lived, and died.

And think not, tho' times have changed,
That no highwaymen have we;
They're with us still, and work their will,
But they move in "society."

Not a paltry purse they snatch;
They are bolder now by far;
From the people's feet they steal a street,
And ride in a palace car.

If you walk, or ride, or fly,
Your tribute in full must pay;
For what you need they'll make you bleed—
They rob in a modern way.

If robbers you dared them name
They'd give you a scornful glance,
And let you know, with a haughty bow,
They were "masters of finance."

Then ho! for the thieves of old,
Who posed not as "financiers";
But, rough and rude in the shady wood,
Mocked at the traveler's fears!

—Philadelphia Record.

The Story of a House.

BY MARION THORNTON EGBERT.

(Copyright, 1901: By Daily Story Pub. Co.)

If you enter the hill-station by the ghaut road, there is really no other way except the bridle path through the sholas, you pass the lake of Marlimund lying low in the shadows that fall from the mountain of Dodabetta, across its lotus leaves and sedges, then on along a rose bordered stretch of road that leads to the foot of a very high hill. The government road goes up the hill, which is the hill-station until it reaches the top where the English shops, the Assembly Hall and the government buildings are grouped together, then it wanders down the other side, passing the old Cathedral and the churchyard, swinging around the little valley to the club and beyond that, to the tiny Mohammedan mosque, where the faithful remember their prayers.

At the end of the lake, the road is lined with traps. The English men and women are playing golf, while their syces and coachmen are making footprints in the white dust and discussing the relative merits of their master's establishments.

Beyond the links, the turn is made and as the road comes gently down on the other side of the lake, it slips along under the shadow of the hills again, widening as it goes breakneck by the Gymkhana and back into the rose-bordered stretch that leads to Marlimund and Dodabetta.

High above this flowery way on the side of the mountain itself, there is a white wall and beyond the wall, a terraced garden and farther still a bungalow, that seems to cling lovingly to the mountain above, beneath and behind it.

One day in June, before the monsoon broke over the mountains, the afternoon tonga dashed over the Marlimund bridge, the driver waking the mountain echoes with his horn, and came to a full stop at the road that leads to the bungalow.

Besides her Majesty's mails the tonga carried a modern Englishman, a griffin who were his six-weeks-old topi with the air of an old civilian. He left the tonga and began to make his way up the mountain side, plunging through sholas where a wiser man might have feared to venture.

Above, on the bungalow veranda, a woman with a fieldglass was sitting in a long arm chair. The glass brought things in the hill-station so near to her that the sunlight dancing on the road almost dazzled her. She could see two or three carts coming down the hill with their bullocks half asleep between the shafts. Barelegged English

The English men and women are playing golf.

children were playing in the walled gardens across the valley and she fancied she could hear the sound of their childish laughter and queer un-English conversation mingled with the clutter of fowls and the sharp clack of the orderly's horse galloping by them. "Her Excellency," she thought, "has lost her hankerchief or dropped a pin and the orderly is on his way back to Government House for another handkerchief or another pin."

A little farther along, the tonga overtook and passed the governor's carriage. The governor and her Excellency, a lonely-faced Englishwoman, were driving with one of the aid-de-camps. They were attended by a body-guard of stalwart Mohammedan sepays clad in gorgeous uniforms, carrying long spears and mounted on superb Arab horses.

There was a glow, a glamour and a glitter about it all, that made it seem more unreal that day than ever. The woman on the veranda dropped her glass and prayed for a thunderstorm, for the sight of the mist driving over Snowden and Dodabetta, for anything that would interrupt the Nirvana of the landscape.

"So she must often have watched and waited," she said aloud and then because her mind and heart were full of her she told the Englishman the other woman's story over the tea-cups in the summer house at the end of the garden path and in all India there is no story and no garden like the story and the garden that belong to Dodabetta.

And this is the story the Englishman heard over the tea-cups.

"A long time ago," the story-teller's voice had a new and curious note of sympathy in it, "when the Shah of Persia went to London to visit the Queen, he took with him as interpreter, an English officer who had long been a resident at the Persian Court. This officer, whose name was Colonel Travers, had a Persian dressing-boy named Abid. The boy who was devoted to his master, begged to be allowed to accompany him. As he spoke English rather well and was in many other ways, a valuable servant, the

A woman with a field glass.

colonel yielded to his entreaties and took him to England, placing him as guard at one of the inner doors of the Shah's apartments at Buckingham Palace. Subsequently it was discovered that no tradesman, jeweler, shipbuilder or anyone else who wished to enter into business relations with the Persian ruler ever got beyond Abid's door until they had lined the boy's palm with gold. As a consequence, he was dismissed in disgrace. He left London and made his way to Aden. Knowing that his dishonesty had made residence in the Shah's country impossible he boarded a pilgrim ship bound from Mecca to Bombay. Shortly after his arrival in Bombay, he made his way across the country to Hyderabad and became a punkahwollah in the Nizam's palace at a salary of six rupees per month. He learned Hindustan and was promoted to one office after another until finally the old Nizam made him the companion of the young prince, Mir Mahub Ali. The prince and the beggar were about the same age and soon became firm friends. The heir to the throne, already well spoiled by life, used to beat Abid and order him to leave the apartment, then he would call him back, embrace him lovingly and shower gold upon him. Abid took the abuse meekly and saved the gold carefully. In this way he became wealthy. Then he started a line of shops in Hyderabad and became a dealer in English goods, under the distinguished patronage of H. E. the Viceroy and Governor-General of India and H. H. the Nizam of Hyderabad. His wealth increased and his name became well known all over India. Years afterward Colonel Travers came out here and went to Hyderabad. Abid had just married an Englishwoman who had renounced her faith and became a Mohammedan in order to marry him. She was a woman who had formerly lived in the colonel's household as his wife's companion and he recognized her at once from the description given him. She herself was kept curtain-hidden. The other Mohammedan women were kind to her but she was not happy in Hyderabad. The constant confinement told on her health and no doubt her feeling of isolation and remoteness from her own country and her friends and her God broke her heart. Abid, who had money to gratify her every whim, came here to the mountains then and had this house built for her. The lower rooms at the back are built against the mountain. They are so damp and dark that we keep them closed altogether. There is a fernery on the other end, where she used to spend hours every morning. This summer-house was built to please her and the garden filled with the flowers she loved best. For all that, she was never happy here and would have died of homesickness if Abid had not taken her away." "Where did he take her," the Englishman asked. "He took her home," the story-teller replied, "back to old England, and he is living there with her now." "And you?" he said. "I am living in her garden and you have come, just as you promised you would come on the quai in Marseilles that rainy Thursday. Do you remember?"

"I remember," he said, and then they went in and dined on hump and curry and good French wine.

A Giant of Colonial Times.

Truly there were giants in colonial days. One Daniel Leakue of Salisbury, N. H., made during his lifetime and was paid for a million shingles. During the years he was accomplishing this colossal work he cleared 300 acres of land, tapped for 20 years at least 600 maple trees, making sometimes 4,000 pounds of sugar a year. He could mow six acres a day, giving nine tons of hay; his strong, long arms cut a swath 12 feet wide. In his spare time he worked as a cooper, and he was a famous drum maker.

The Progress in Poultry-Keeping.

Half a century ago poultry-keeping was simply a fashionable amusement and pastime, says American Stockman. The beginning may be said to be about 1847 to 1850, at the time of the introduction of the Shanghais. Those who have some knowledge of the history of the past have a fair idea of what poultry has accomplished. The casual observer of years ago saw only enough of it to disgust him with the whole business. Men who were engaged in it saw enough money in it, and as many as had judgment enough to curtail expenses and reduce stock at the right time came out with a little money and more or less experience, the latter worth perhaps as much in the long run as the money. A great many so-called fanciers, however, went into the business merely for the sake of the speculation and excitement it afforded, and went out of it without knowing or caring anything about the ultimate results of the poultry interest at large. Fanciers of this type (and it is possible that there are a few of them in the business yet) were interested only in the proceeds, with no thought of what poultry breeding has done for the improvement of the general stock of the country, and the increase of the products of the poultry-yards of the nation. There have always been some fanciers who were true fanciers—not speculators—who worked for nobler ends than merely to make money. The money end, of course, was not lost sight of, but it was not the governing purpose.

A Chicken's Intricate Foot.

The mechanism of the leg and foot of a chicken or other bird that roosts is a marvel of design. It often seems strange that a bird will sit on a roost and sleep all night without falling off, but the explanation is simple. The tendon of the leg of a bird that roosts is so arranged that when the leg is bent at the knee the claws are bound to contract and thus hold with a sort of a death-like grip the limb around which they are placed. Put a chicken's feet on your wrist and then make the bird sit down and you will have a practical illustration on your skin that you will remember for some time. By this singular arrangement, seen only in such birds as roost, they will rest comfortably and never think of holding on, for it is impossible for them to let go until they stand up.

* * *

In New South Wales, Australia, the dairymen have a new strain of cattle that they call the Illawarra, after the district in which they are found most abundantly. The strain was produced by the crossing of the Jerseys, Shorthorns and Ayrshires. The milking qualities are said to be of the best, and it is claimed for them that no other strain of milkers give so good satisfaction. We fear that this is an ex parte statement. Certainly Americans have not found such a mix-up of advantage.

* * *

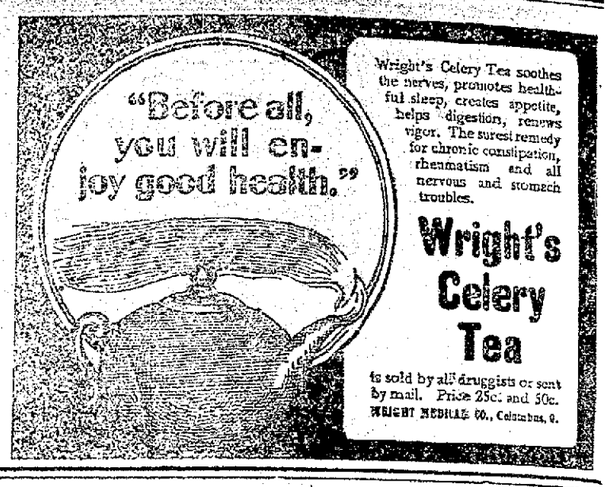
Reports from various states show that a good deal of uncolored oleomargarine is being sold. The dairy and food commissioner of Connecticut reports that five large houses in that state are disposing of large quantities of it. The fact is that people get used to using the uncolored article and soon forget that it ever was colored. There is no doubt that if coloring is prohibited the sale of oleomargarine will still remain large. No dairyman objects to its sale being large so long as the buyers and users know it for what it is.

* * *

Reports continue to come to us of the rapidly developing Siberian butter trade. The goverment of Russia is showing great enterprise in the matter. It has arranged ice houses in Siberia for the storage of butter, eggs, game and the like. Arrangements have been made for the transport of this butter quickly across Russia to the Baltic Sea where a line of steamers have been subsidized to carry the products to London. We cite these facts as an example of national enterprise that is certain to have far-reaching effects.

* * *

In England the butter dealers are having quite a time trying to find out how much water butter should contain. Recently a judge fined a merchant for selling butter containing 19.30 per cent of water. The matter went to a higher court and this court sustained the finding of the lower court. Testimony showed that butter should contain not more than 15 to 18 per cent of water, the latter amount being considered the extreme limit. The makers of the butter argued that the extra amount of water in the butter was due to the brine salting and not to any intention on the part of the maker to incorporate an increased amount of water. The testimony was very interesting, but contradictory. One witness asserted that there was no dry salted butter on the market and that dry salting was used only in experiments. He said that dry salted butter would not keep. Another man asserted that dry salted butter kept incomparably better than brine salted. Finally the contest simmered down to the question of the amount of water held in the butter by each process. It was shown that the brine salting incorporated as high as 30 per cent of water and the dry salting process only about half that amount. Hence a victory for dry salting.



Optimism and Pessimism.

President Hyde, of Bowdoin, gives these rules for acquiring are art of pessimism: "Live in the passive voice; be intent on what you can get, rather than on what you can do. Live in the subjunctive mood, meditating on what might be rather than what actually is. * * * Live in the third person, finding fault with other people instead of telling your own affairs in order, and prescribing their duties rather than attending to your own. Live in the plural number, following the opinions and standards of respectability of other people rather than your own perception of what is fit and proper. Keep these rules faithfully, always measuring the worth of life in terms of personal pleasure rather than in terms of growth of character or service of high ends, and you will be a pessimist before you know it." President Hyde's rules for acquiring the art of optimism are the inverse of those that have been quoted, namely, live in the active voice, in the indicative mood, in the present tense, in the singular number. It is certainly the optimist that is of the most use in the world.

AFTER LaGRIPPE—WHAT?

Usually a racking cough and a general feeling of weakness. Foley's Honey and Tar is guaranteed to cure the "grip cough" and make you strong and well. Take no substitute.

H. F. Vortkamp, cor. Main and North streets.

Ate the Supper First.

Jesse Ricker and Miss Meda Gill were to have been married in Huntington, Ind., at 8 o'clock the other evening, but when the minister asked for the license it was found that no one had taken the precaution to procure that all-important document. The wedding supper was piping hot and as there was no chance of getting a license for at least an hour the guests sat down to table and supper was at once eaten. Then Jesse and Meda were made one.

STRIKES A RICH FIND.

"I was troubled for several years with chronic indigestion and nervous debility," writes F. J. Green, of Lancaster, N. H., No remedy helped me until I began using Electric Bitters, which did me more good than all the medicines I ever used. They have also kept my wife in excellent health for years. She says Electric Bitters are just splendid for female troubles; that they are a grand tonic and invigorator for weak, run down women. No other medicine can take its place in our family." Try them. Only 50 cents. Satisfaction guaranteed by H. F. Vortkamp, cor. Main and North streets.

Potty Case Carried Up.

There is a prospect that the celebrated Iowa calf case may find a counterpart in litigation now in progress in Wisconsin. In August last some pigs belonging to Gustave Hedke of Mount Pleasant camped on the land of a neighbor named Peter M. Anderson, with whom Hedke was at outs. The farmer threatened suit for trespass, but a third party was agreed upon as referee. He assessed damages at $3, which Hedke, however, refused to pay. Anderson went to law and secured judgment in the sum of $2.25. This was confirmed on appeal, and now Hedke will take the matter to the supreme court.—Ex.

WORKING 24 HOURS A DAY.

There's no rest for those tireless little workers—Dr. King's New Life Pills. Millions are always busy, curing Torpid Liver, Jaundice, Billiousness, Fever and Ague. They banish Sick Headache, drive out Malaria. Never gripe or weaken. Small, taste nice, work wonders. Try them. 25 cents at H. F. Vortkamp's drug store, cor. Main and North streets.

Those Playful Hawaiian Breezes.

Ladies having had occasion to pass along Emma street near the high school building within the last few days have registered a strong protest against the way the trees of the various householders along that thoroughfare are kept. The high winds have caused the trees to perform all kinds of strange antics and many have been the accidents to ladies' headwear in passing under them. One lady in particular had a fine imported creation of ostrich tips and chiffon whipped from her head and liberally soused in an adjacent mud puddle.—Honolulu Republican.

CHANGE OLD NAMES.

Many Foreigners Begin Life Here Under New Aliases.

The clerk of the city court made public the names of seventy persons who changed their names in legal form in the year 1900, says the New York Evening Post. Most of the original names are of palpably foreign extraction. As a rule all reasonable requests for change of name are granted. They are then filed away, the petition giving the avowed reasons for change and the judgment passed upon it by the court. A glance at the records and the various name changes gives rise to considerable speculation as to the real cause of dissatisfaction. Why, one wonders, should a name of such aristocratic twang as Waldemar Ruthyar be cast aside in prefence to the hackneyed title of Henry Smith? On the next page of the records is the reverse of the question of high-sounding names, where one finds the somewhat plebeian cognomen of Gumbinsky changed to Von Tilzer. What evidence of nationality remains in the name of Jay, unless it is discovered to be a corruption of Jacobowsky? There scarcely could be any greater effacement of a family name than to substitute the noncommittal Blank for Polanger. Sebastian Bibo is lost entirely in Frank Walter and Ruzicka becomes the Americanized Rose. Many changes result from family quarrels, when another family name is taken in place of the legitimate one. Often the wills of eccentric relatives demand a change in the name of the beneficiary, without which no legacy can be obtained. Occasionally debt or imprisonment has brought the name of some person into such disrepute that a new name is sought for which a new reputation may be built. In the case of foreigners who have become American citizens the stiff consonants of Russia, Bohemia and Poland prove too much for our Anglicized tongues and a change is really necessary. Under this reason come such changes, no doubt, as Chmielicek to Luhan, Neugroschel to Rochelle, Yuzukjian to Yuzuk, and Rochmovitz to Rockmore. By far the larger part of the list of changed names belonging to those ending in ski or sky. The terminal here is generally dropped, leaving the parent stem. The dropping of this ending results often in names that bear not the slightest trace of the nationality of the changers. Kempinski becomes plain Kempin; Jampolsky is reduced to the Dickensiike name of Jampole.

CHEAP INSURANCE.

Many a man has been insured against Bright's disease, diabetes, or other dangerous ailments by a fifty cent bottle of Foley's Kidney Cure.

H. F. Vortkamp, cor. Main and North streets.

PERSONALS

Mrs. E. P. Green has recovered from an attack of the grip at Canaserga, N. Y., by the use of Dr. Miles' Pain Pills.

Among the victims of the grip epidemic now so prevalent, F. Covle is now recovering at Canton, O., by the use of Dr. Miles' Nervine and Pills.

W. E. Nihells, of St. Louis, Mo., who was down with grip, is reported much improved. He used Dr. Miles' Nervine and Pills.

The friends of Mrs. L. Denison will be pleased to learn of her recovery from grip, at her home in Bay City, Mich., through the use of Dr. Miles' Nervine and Pills.

Everybody says that J. W. Udy is looking splendid since his recovery from the grip at his home in Des Moines, Iowa. They all know that Dr. Miles' Nervine was what cured him.

Prosecuting Attorney, Charles L. DeWaele, who has passed the threescore mile stone, had a time with grip, but when seen at his home in Roscommon, Mich., the other day, he said Dr. Miles' Nervine was what cured him.

At nearly three score and ten Mrs. Galen Humphrey was fighting against odds when the grip attacked her; but she took Dr. Miles' Nervine, and now her neighbors in Wareham, Mass., remark on how well she is looking.

After an illness of five weeks from the grip, Mrs. Harriett Jackson is again about and looking fine. She began taking Dr. Miles' Nervine after the fourth week. Her home is in Bowling Green, Mo.

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Pittsb'gh, Ft. Wayne & Chicago Ry.

Pennsylvania Lines.

Schedule of Passenger Trains—Central Time

	23	9	15	33	39	35
	AM	AM	PM	PM	AM	PM
Wa[illegible]ard. lv	*1 05	*7 00	*8 30	*1 35		
[illegible]gh lv	3 25	9 32	8 58	4 30		
[illegible] ar	3 00	9 58	9 24	5 24		
[illegible]ssion "	4 12	10 10	9 36	5 42		
Wooster "	4 55	10 55	10 21	6 35		
Mansfield "	6 10	12 05	1 28	7 55		
Crestline ar	6 37	12 35	1 54	8 25		
" lv	6 45	12 40	12 01	PM	7 00	12 30
Robinson "					7 12	12 42
Sycamore "	7 04	1 50	12 21	7 25	7 25	2 55
Sandusky "	7 29	1 23	12 47	7 58	7 58	2 28
Kirby "				8 18	8 18	2 08
Forest "				8 32	8 32	1 54
Cridersville "				8 50	8 50	1 36
Wilmington Jun "		2 05		9 10	9 10	1 16
Midland "				9 20	9 20	1 06
Clifton "				9 40	9 40	12 46
Springfield "	8 35	2 25	1 48	10 03	10 03	12 23
Urbana "				10 21	10 21	12 05
Bellefontaine "				10 34	10 34	11 52
Middlepoint "	9 03	2 51	2 15	10 46	10 46	11 39
Van Wert "	9 21	3 10	2 35	11 05	11 05	11 20
Convoy "				11 25	11 25	11 00
Paulding "				11 32	11 32	10 53
Cecil "				11 46	11 46	10 39
Payne "				11 57	11 57	10 28
Antwerp "	10 10	4 00	3 25	PM	PM	PM
Fort Wayne "	11 30	5 24	4 35	1 30		
Leesburg "	12 07	6 08	5 13	2 15		
Warsaw "	1 15	7 03	6 12	3 25		
Plymouth "	2 30	8 45	7 45	5 15		
Chicago "	PM	PM	AM	PM		

	24	20	8	34	6	38
	AM	PM	PM	PM	AM	AM
Eastwood. lv	7 20	12 55	3 00	*6 00	11 45	
Chicago "	9 23	1 32	4 35		1 40	
Valparaiso "	10 37	2 50	5 45	10 25	3 05	
Kouts "	11 13	3 11	6 25	10 57	3 54	
Ft. Wayne "	12 40	4 20	7 45	12 20	5 30	12 00
Huntington "	1 51					7 11
Warren "	2 09					7 28
Marion "	2 59		8 13		6 03	8 20
Kenton "	3 35					8 57
Dunkirk "	3 49	5 11	8 39		6 20	9 10
Bellevue "	4 05				6 39	9 31
Sandusky "	4 25				6 52	9 52
Clyde "	4 43	5 57	9 30	1 25	7 10	10 11
Tiffin "	5 03					10 31
Fostoria "	5 15		10 00		8 12	10 53
Findlay "	5 25					9 23
Lima "	5 52				8 32	9 52
Delphos "	6 05				8 45	10 05
Ottoy "	6 13				8 54	10 14
Kirkerville "	6 20				9 05	10 21
Frankfort "	6 33				9 12	10 28
Greenville "	6 47				9 25	10 41
Versailles "	6 53	7 02	10 46		9 31	10 47
Osgood "	7 03					10 57
Jackson "	7 13	7 24	11 15		9 42	11 08
Sidney "	7 37					11 30
Anna "	7 47					11 40
Botkins "	7 59	7 57	11 43	3 15	10 10	11 50
Crestline lv	5 20	8 05	11 50	3 20	10 15	AM
Mansfield "	5 45	8 33	12 15		10 50	
Mt. Vernon "	7 08	9 35	1 25		12 20	
Newark "	7 55	10 22	2 10		1 14	
Zanesville "	8 30	10 40	3 35	5 27	2 35	
Cambridge "	9 20	11 30	4 15	6 05	3 25	
Pittsburgh ar	PM	1 40	5 50	8 30	5 30	
		AM	AM	PM	AM	

Sleeping Cars on Nos. 6, 15 and 24—Pullman Vestibule Diningroom Sleeping Cars on Nos. 6, 20 and 21. Nos. 6, 8 and 20 connect in Union Station, Pittsburgh, with through trains for Harrisburg, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia and New York.

Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4 are the fast express trains between Chicago and New York, carrying Pullman Vestibule Sleeping Cars, Dining Cars and Coaches. Dark Faced Type denotes time from 12:00 noon to 12:6. Italics: Light face, from 12:00 midnight to 12:00 noon.

*Except Sunday. †Except Sunday. Meals. ‡Flag Stop.

L. F. LOREE, General Manager. E. A. FORD, General Passenger Agent.

11-25-00-1y. PITTSBURGH, PENN'A.

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ERIE RAILROAD

Time Card in Effect March 11, 1900.

From Lima, Ohio.

TRAINS WEST.

	Depart.
No. 5, Vestibule Limited, daily for Chicago and the West	11:33 a m
No. 3, Pacific Express, daily, for Chicago and the West	1:12 a m
No. 1, Express, daily, except Sunday, for Chicago and the West	9:10 a m
No. 51, Local Freight, daily, except Sunday	7:00 a m
No. 53, Wells-Fargo Limited Express, daily, except Monday	4:50 p m
TRAINS EAST.	
No. 8, Vestibule Limited, daily, for New York and Boston	9:02 p m
No. 2, Express, daily, except Sunday	3:24 p m
No. 12, Express, daily for New York	3:41 a m
No. 52, Local Freight, daily except Sunday	7:00 a m

Train 13 will not run days following legal holidays.

Through Coaches and sleeping cars to New York and Boston.

FRANK C. McCOY, Agent.

W. S. MORRISON, Trav. Pass. Agt. Huntington.

DETROIT & LIMA NORTHERN.

South Bound.

Stations.	No. 1	No. 3
Detroit .....Lv.	7:30 am	5:00 pm
Wyandotte	8:00 am	5:30 pm
Trenton	8:10 am	5:40 pm
Carleton	8:25 am	6:05 pm
Dundee	9:15 am	6:44 pm
Tecumseh	9:50 am	7:15 pm
Adrian	10:08 am	7:37 pm
Wauseon	11:05 am	8:35 pm
Napoleon	11:25 am	9:05 pm
Malinta	11:48 am	9:18 pm
Hamler	12:00 am	9:30 pm
Leipsic	12:18 am	9:48 pm
Ottawa	12:30 am	10:00 pm
Columbus Grove....	12:45 am	10:15 pm
Lima .....Ar.	1:15 pm	10:45 pm

North Bound.

Stations.	No. 2	No. 4
Lima .....Lv.	6:00 am	3:00 pm
Columbus Grove...	6:30 am	3:30 pm
Ottawa	6:45 am	3:45 pm
Leipsic	6:57 am	3:57 pm
Hamler	7:15 am	4:15 pm
Malinta	7:27 am	4:27 pm
Napoleon	7:40 am	4:40 pm
Wauseon	8:10 am	5:10 pm
Adrian	9:09 am	6:08 pm
Tecumseh	9:34 am	6:30 pm
Dundee	10:03 am	7:00 pm
Carleton	10:42 am	7:39 pm
Trenton	11:07 am	8:05 pm
Wyandotte	11:16 am	8:15 pm
Detroit .....Ar.	11:45 am	8:45 pm

Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4 daily except Sunday.

L. E. & W. RAILROAD.

East Bound—Leaving Time.

No. 2, Eastern Express, daily.....6:21 p m
No. 4, N. Y. and Boston Ltd, except Sunday.....1:42 p m
No. 8, Cleveland and Buffalo Fast Mail, except Sunday.....8:55 a m

West Bound—Leaving Time.

No. 3, N. Y., Kansas City and Denver Ltd, daily.....9:47 a m
No. 3, Lima and St. Louis Express, except Sunday.....3:50 a m
No. 5, N. Y., Cleveland and Indianapolis Express, except Sunday.....4:38 p m
No. 7, Cleveland and Lima Special, arrives except Sunday.....8:20 p m

Trains No. 2 and 4 run in connection with the L. S. & M. S. "fast flyers," the most magnificently appointed trains in the world for Cleveland, Buffalo, New York, Boston, Montreal and all eastern cities. Trains No. 1 and 3 make close connection at Bloomington and Peoria with through trains for all points in the West, Northwest and Southwest. Trains No. 3 and 2 have modern, up-to-date parlor and dining car service.

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BANNER SALVE, the most healing salve in the world.

STRIKE FIRST!!

Don't wait for some ailment—possibly very simple—to develop into a serious complaint—more than half the ills of life start in just this simple fashion. Get well and keep well by using

SIMMS LITTLE LIVER PILLS

40 COST BUT 10c

At your druggists or of the

SIMMS MEDICINE CO., St. Louis, Mo.

MONEY TO LOAN.

We have a large sum of money to loan on city property and improved farm lands at the VERY LOWEST RATE OF INTEREST, with the privilege of paying part or all at any interest paying day. Persons wishing CHEAP MONEY and on SHORT NOTICE will find it will be to their interest to call.

C. H. FOLSOM,
Real Estate and Loan Broker, Rooms 7 and 8 Holmes Block.

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Celebrated XXX Beer.

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J. W. LUMPP,

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54

East Side Public Square, Barber Shop and Bath Rooms.

Hot, cold, Shower and vapor baths. Ladies and children hair cutting done to order.

A. G. LUTZ, Prop.

C. H. & D. RAILROAD.

South Bound.

		Departs.
No. 7.	Daily	2:10 a m
No. 11.	Daily except Sunday	5:20 a m
No. 1.	Daily except Sunday	9:20 a m
No. 5.	Daily	12:41 p m
No. 3.	Daily	4:20 p m
No. 9.	Daily	6:00 p m
No. 65.	Sunday only	6:50 a m
No. 13.	Daily, except Sunday, Arr.	7:45 p m

North Bound.

		Departs.
No. 12.	Daily	2:55 a m
No. 14.	Daily except Sunday	5:55 a m
No. 2.	Daily except Sunday	8:20 a m
No. 6.	Daily	11:57 a m
No. 4.	Daily except Sunday	4:35 p m
No. 60.	Sunday only	7:43 a m
No. 10.	Daily except Sunday, Arr.	9:00 p m
No. 68.	Sunday only	9:55 p m

C. L. & M. RAILROAD.

No. 1		No. 2
A. M.		P. M.
7:00 Lv. 00....	Defiance ...(1)..	Ar 4:20
03.....	*Miller	
05.....	*Merley	
7:24 Lv. 07....	Southerton	Lv 4:06
7:30 Lv. 09....	Rice	Lv 4:00
7:45 Ar. 14...	Continental (2)...	Lv 3:45
8:15 Lv.....	Continental (2)...	Ar 3:16
18.....	*Leon	
8:35 Ar. 20..	Dormington (3)...	Lv. 2:55
8:45 Lv. 20..	Dormington (5)...	Ar 2:45
8:55 Ar. 22....	Kalida	Lv 2:35
9:10 Lv. 25....	Kalida	Ar 3:20
27.....	*Sidney	
9:31 Lv. 29....	Jones City (4).....	Lv 1:58
9:40 Lv. 32....	Gomer	Lv 1:50
33.....	*Fogue	
10:00 Ar 40....	North Lima (5)...	Lv 1:30
10:05 Ar. 41..	C. H. & D. Tds. (5)..	Lv 1:25

*—Flag Stations.
|—Nos. 1 and 2 daily, except Sundays.

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Free sites, financial assistance, and freedom from taxation, for the manufacturer.

Land and farms at $1.00 per acre and upwards and 500,000 acres in West Florida that can be taken gratis under U. S. Homestead laws.

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Half fare excursions the first and third Tuesdays of each month.

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Dr. F. A. Greene

Stands at the head of all physicians as the recognized authority on all nervous diseases. Dr. Greene has perfected a remedy in tablet form for weak and debilitated men. These tablets give new strength, vitality and life to the nervous system, thereby curing Nervous Debility, Nervous Headache, Sexual Weakness, threatened paralysis and all nervous complaints.

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GUARANTEES A CURE.

Dr. Greene's Nerve Tablets can be obtained at his office, 60 E. Madison St., Chicago, or will be sent by mail. Three boxes, 50 cents.

UNDER THE SEA.

Schemes Are on Foot to Unite England with the Continents.

It may be a surprise to know that there are two projects in existence at the present moment for a submerged railway across the English channel. Dec. 17, 1884, there was registered a "Channel Bridge and Railway Company," its offices are at 69 Rue de la Victoria, Paris. It was formed to acquire the business of the International railway company, du Detroit de la Manche, Limited, and "to make further investigations, etc., with a view to the construction of a bridge or viaduct across the English channel (as a means of communication between England and France.") It was decided to construct a submerged bridge fifty feet below the lowest tide and to run thereon an electric car capable of transporting four railway trains, which would be secured very much in the same way as the trains are fastened on to the ferry boats between New York and New Jersey. The directors' report, recently submitted, stated that the work could be completed in five years at a cost of not exceeding $70,000,000. The other submarine railroad scheme has been evolved by an enthusiastic Frenchman, M. A. Mottier by name, and it differs in some details from the one just mentioned. The permanent way is to be thirteen feet in width and some thirty feet above the bottom of the channel. This would not interfere with navigation and would afford a secure bed for the rails, being built of solid masonry and anchored to withstand the currents. The elevated platform is to be 320 feet long, 125 feet wide and 125 feet above the rails. It will be capable of taking several railroad cars at once, to say nothing of animals, baggage, and freight. On it there will be saloons, heated and lighted by electricity; smoking rooms—in fact, all the comforts that are to be found today on the finest ocean greyhound. The seagoing car imagined by M. Mottier will be propelled by an engine located on the platform and will be worked either by steam or electricity. The engine will operate a drum, over which a chain will wind, and the car platform and submerged carriage will be thus drawn from one side of the channel to the other. M. Mottier estimates the total cost of this unique undertaking at the small sum of $3,750,000 and promises a return of $500 to $2,000 a day, making calculation for twenty trips every twenty-four hours.

QUEER OCCUPATION.

Man Who Makes Money by Choosing Hobbies for Others.

"Talking about odd occupations," said a New York man to a Star reporter recently, "there is a man in my town with an office near Union Square who has built up a large and lucrative business connection by professionally advising all sorts and conditions of people as to what hobby to adopt. This man is well informed and an excellent judge of human nature, and his advice is always based as far as possible on a pretty accurate knowledge of his customer's temperament and occupation. And a queer fact is that several prominent city physicians have discovered his worth and are sending their brain-fagged patients to him for hobby treatment, just as they might advise him to go to a certain dentist for toothache. As almost every one knows, there is at present a marked fashion for hobbies of all sorts, and to the person who is too busy or too lazy to start one for himself this hobby merchant has become a perfect boon. Suppose, for instance, you wish to make a collection of old books or china, or rare coins, stamps or curios. You simply call at his office one day and leave your order. The whole thing is conducted with the strictest confidence and within a few days or weeks you are supplied with whatever articles you may have chosen to collect. To the value of the collection the hobby merchant adds from 10 to 25 per cent for his services, according to the time and difficulty he has had in procuring any desired article or articles."

What Shall We Have for Desert?

This question arises in the family every day. Let us answer today. Try Jell-O, a delicious desert. Prepared in two minutes. No baking! add hot water and set to cool. Flavors:—Lemon, Orange, Raspberry and Strawberry. At your grocers. 10 cts. 5

Referred to Maine Legislature.

The following examination code is suggested for would-be sporting men who aspire to the use of the gun: "Is this a gun or a walking cane? If neither, how do you know? At which end of the gun do you take your stand as the deer hops by? By which end should the hunter draw a loaded gun to him? Should the shell be taken from the gun before or after leaving home? Do you consider the gun more dangerous with a load in it? If so, why are so many deer killed by unloaded guns, and so few by loaded ones? When you chuck a gun into a wagon or over a fence, would you be too proud to jump behind a tree? When you reach the hotel with your carload of game, would you shoot the neighbor's boy immediately, or only leave the gun where he could get it and shoot you or his sister?—Jacksonville Times-Union.

The Easy Food
Easy to Buy
Easy to Cook
Easy to Eat
Easy to Digest
Quaker Oats
At all grocers
in 2-lb. pkgs. only

TWILIGHT.

The day is gone, and from the east, afar,
Night's shadow comes apace; the rose
Breathes out her vesper fragrance ere it close;
And yonder, godlike, gleams the evening star.
Silence is here; save just enough of sound
To make its presence felt; there is no stir—
A robin's lullaby, a cricket's chirr—
No moving air in all the trees around.
Thus would I have life's busy journey end,
With shadows sweeter than the glare of day,
With music soft, and in the dappled sky
Star after star, as here and there a friend
Strides forth to bless the pilgrim old and gray,
That, like the twilight, puts his burdens by.

C. G. B.

A Forgiveness.

BY DABNEY MARSHALL.

(Copyright, 1901: By Daily Story Pub. Co.)

Ostensibly Si was a farmer and blacksmith, and occasionally a cattle drover, but as the agricultural region about him was poor, and the pasturage though extensive was inferior, being covered chiefly with pine straw, a diet to which the sheep and cows did not take kindly and upon which with the perversity of dumb "critters" they refused to fatten, the income from even a triple employment like this would seem to be necessarily limited.

But genius is always superior to circumstances, so Emerson says, and Si exemplified the saying by always having an abundance of the comforts of life and a plenty of money. His wife always appeared in a new dress at each annual protracted meeting, his boys wore store shoes, and always had powder in their gourds and shot in their pouches. As for Si himself, he owned a breach-loading gun a drummer might not disdain, and used real smokeless powder cartridges. His neighbors told visiting friends from across the river in Amite county, that Si actually paid two and a half cents a piece for these, and the neighbors heard the statement with unbounded wonder at such evidences of wealth.

When collections were taken up for what the preacher called "the spreading of the gospel of the sweet Savior among the heathen in China and the pore Catholics in New Orleans," Si always put a dollar in the hat, Mrs. Hardsook fifty cents, the boys a dime each, and little Lodelia, the only girl of the family, a silver quarter. In consequence Si passed for a deeply religious man, and the parson always called him Brother Hardsook.

Nor was Si's generosity purely ecclesiastical. He had been frequently known to leave the railroad with as many as two one-gallon jugs full of "licker" and arrive home with the jugs, owing to a liberal sampling of their contents on his own part, and a generous distribution of the samo to all he met, who universally at first refused to drink, but finally consented being as how it was Si as offered the licker, and they would "moist a little, not as they were wine-bibbers and gluttonous, but would take a swig for "the good of their innards."

Most of his neighbors drank what was offered them and asked no questions and made no remarks. But some of them were deeply and audibly perplexed as to where Si got all this money. Certain circumstances connected with Si would linger in their minds and what was worse break out on their tongues. They would comment how the cattle of neighbors near Si had a way of disappearing just when they were "most fitten" for market. But in that great unfenced country what was there to prevent cattle from straying? "Dumb critters," said Si, "are mighty biggity and roaming-some any how, and will some times just rush to their ruin."

Some times also in the fall country stores near him were robbed and their safes blown open just after the money had been received from the town banks to pay for the incoming cotton. It was a strange coincidence that after such robberies Si had more money and distributed more "licker" than usual. But Si said "life is full of coincidences and a mystery according to the scriptures." "Leastwise," added he, "that is what the parson says the Word says, and I ain't the man to dispute a licensed minister of the gorsepell, nor is you nuther, neighbor?" he would ask of his listener as he lovingly toyed with the trigger of his famous gun.

"No, indeed," replied the neighbor with alacrity, edging off a little. "I don't dispute the parson nuther you. You air both right as fer as I knows on."

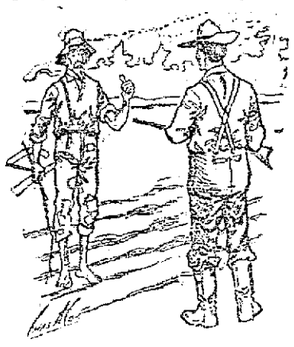
Still some folks would prove "too leaky of tongue" in regard to Si's affairs, and it was strange how the corn cribs and cotton houses of these "measly back-cappers," as Si called them, had a habit of taking fire in the dead hours of the night.

But one day the grand jury actually indicted Si for grand larceny. He was accused of stealing ten head of cattle from Mart Smiggles. The chief witness against Si was Dunc Swarrington, a good-natured farmer too stupid to be dishonest, whose farm adjoined the road over which Si had to drive the cattle to New Orleans. The testimony was strong for the state. Si could almost hear the doors of the penitentiary opening upon him. "It was an awful experience for a Christian," he used to say in after years, but then he would add, "them the Lord loveth he chases."

Si went upon the stand and testified in his own behalf. He acknowledged that he sold the cattle. It was true he was a farmer, he said looking at the farmer jurors, a stockman if they would. He was uneducated too, no hanger around of lawyers and court rooms, for he thought an honest farmer's place was in the field, and not loafing around among them that represented corporations and merchants, and so he did not know much law, but he was a Christian and an alliance man and he hoped he did know what was right, if he did not know what was lawful, "two mighty different things," he said, "as some amongst you knows, what has had homes closed out under deeds of trust for debts you never made and things you never bought."

The sale of the cattle, he went on, had come about this way. He was going to New Orleans with a fine herd. Amor them was a most likely male. "I w. you could have seen him, judge, he said deferentially to that magnate. "He had great shiney horns same as if they was polished up fer powder horns, and curls like a city gall right down between them horns. And was high-steppin as a preacher or a railroad conductor."

As he was driving this male by Mart's pasture, Mart's heifers had loped out and mixed with his cattle. He had called for Mart, but he could not make Mart hear. He himself had driven the heifers out of the cattle four times at least, but they just would come back. The attractions of that male were simply terrible, no preacher was more powerful among the sisters. It looked like witchcraft or hoodoo or something to him what warn't natural. Finally he tired out driving such contrary-minded brutes. "A man can't be expected even by the law to spend his



"Don't shoot the kids, Si."

whole time fooling with a passell of cows when he's got an honest living to make. So he was forced to let Mart's old heifers go to thunder; but, would they believe it they had actually followed him plumb to New Orleans. What was he to do with them? Leave them in the streets to be taken up and appropriated by the city folks? Not much! They already got a plenty of country folks' stuff any way by closing out mortgages and deeds of trust without just making them a present of the finest cattle in Marion county. So he had been compelled to sell those heifers along with his own. Moreover he was tender of heart and could not bear to part them from that likely male. It was true he had never offered Mart the money, but he had not had time to do so. With his wife sick, and Lodelia puning around all the time and grass just a whooping in his cotton, he had not been able to go over to Mart's and take the money. He was going to do so, on the very next day, when the sheriff had come and jailed him." "To show you gentlemen," he concluded, "that I ain't got no hard feeling agin Mart, though I ain't saying he isn't treated me wrongful. I will give him the vally of them heifers here and now." With that he flung the money on the table in the court room. The jury retired and soon brought in a verdict of not guilty.

As the crowd was pouring out of the court room Si nudged Dunc on the arm and said:

"So, you swore agin me, did you, Dunc?"

"I had to, Si; I war on oath to tell the truth."

"That's all right about the truth," said Si sarcastically. "We all knows you just loves the truth. Just fattens on it. And I ain't denying that the truth is a good thing in its place, but I want to leave with you that the truth don't stop no lead."

As he walked homeward Dunc concluded that a change of air would be good for his wife's lungs. So he sold out his little property at a sacrifice and moved to Louisiana.

One night after family prayers Si's oldest boy said: "Pap, when are you goin' to kill that hound of a Dunc Swarrington?"

"When the crop is laid by, Sonnie. I am too busy now to indulge in pleasure. Business fust, my boy."

One morning when the last furrow had been plowed, and there was no blacksmith work to be done, Si said to his wife: "Mammy, hand me my gun, I guess I've got time to kill Dunc now."

A two days' ride brought him to Dunc's place. He slipped through the pine brush to the edge of the field where Dunc was plowing. He slowly trudged bare-footed behind a steer that dragged a worn out plow. His white wool hat, full of holes, flapped over his face, bronzed and drawn, hunger and over-work written all over it. Not far off Dunc's largest boys were hoeing, followed by their sister, all bare-footed and ragged. Further and near the woods was a six year old youngster, Dunc's baby chap, with a long slender pole minding the gap in the fence Dunc had not yet had time to mend.

Si suddenly confronted him with his gun. Taken by surprise Dunc started and trembled a little at first, but soon recovering faced his enemy without blanching.

"Don't shoot the kids, Si," was all he said.

But Si replied: "Don't be nowise oneasy, Dunc. I have rode a hundred miles to kill you, but I guess you are worse off here than you'd be in hell. So I forgives you. Fully and freely fergives you."

Si then started off, but wheeling suddenly pitched a silver dollar over in the field to the amazed Dunc, saying:

"Here, buy that air peaked-faced young un' a square meal. He looks hongry."

Two Drops

CASTORIA

A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed -
Alx Senna -
Rochelle Salts -
Anise Seed -
Peppermint -
Bi Carbonate Soda -
Worm Seed -
Clarified Sugar -
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A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

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THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

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They have stood the test of years, and have cured thousands of cases of Nervous Diseases, such as Debility, Dizziness, Sleeplessness and Varicocele, Atrophy, &c. They clear the brain, strengthen the circulation, make digestion perfect, and impart a healthy vigor to the whole being. All drains and losses are checked *permanently*. Unless patients are properly cured, their condition often worries them into Insanity, Consumption or Death. Mailed sealed. Price $1 per box; 6 boxes, with iron-clad legal guarantee to cure or refund the money, $5.00. Sent for free book. Address, PEAL MEDICINE CO., Cleveland, O.

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MOTT'S PENNYROYAL PILLS

They overcome Weakness, irregularity and omissions, increase vigor and banish "pains of menstruation." They are "LIFE SAVERS" to girls at womanhood, aiding development of organs and body. No known remedy for women equals them. Cannot do harm—life becomes a pleasure. $1.00 PER BOX BY MAIL. Sold by druggists. DR. MOTT'S CHEMICAL CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

Sold by H. F. Vortkamp, North East Corner Main and North Sts.

RECOVERIES FROM GRIP.

Mrs. E. I. Masters, at her home in Monitor, Ind., used Dr. Miles' Nervine and Pills to cure after effects of grip.

Mrs. A. E. Lopeer, in the little town of Modella, Minn., used Dr. Miles' Pain Pills and Nerve and Liver Pills and was well in a few days.

President McKinley is slowly recovering from grip and its effects.

George J. Flannery was relieved of the awful pains in his head in fifteen minutes, by the use of Dr. Miles' Pain Pills. Now he is rapidly recovering at his home in Buffalo, N. Y.

Speaker Henderson is again in his chair in the House of Representatives after a severe attack of the grip.

J. C. Helfrey, foreman at the Westinghouse factory in East Pittsburg, had a severe attack of grip, but he used Dr. Miles' Nervine and Pain Pills and was soon back in his place.

Rev. C. Body was in a serious condition at his home in St. Paris, O., but Dr. Miles' Nervine and Nerve and Liver Pills pulled him through all right.

Guns for British Navy.

Without any fuss or advertisement some of the most powerful guns of the time are being prepared for the British navy. The gun in question is the new 9.2-inch, which is to be carried by the armored cruisers now being built. A feature of the gun is that it is placed on a hydraulic mounting, this in itself being a big advance upon older methods. A big steel hood also incloses the gun's crew, who work in an impenetrable shell of armor. When mounted in the Cressy, for which the gun described is intended, no part below the bottom of the hood will be seen above deck.

"I had a running sore on my leg for seven years," writes Mrs. Jas. Forest of Chippewa Falls, Wis., "and spent hundreds of dollars in trying to get it healed. Two boxes of Bannner Salve entirely cured it." No other salve so healing.

H. F. Vortkamp, cor. Main and North streets.

Substitute for Coal.

In the Hemshof dye and soda factory, near Mannheim, Germany, is a workman named Montag, who, it is reported, has invented a substitute for coal. Peat is the basis, with the addition of certain chemicals which, up to the present, are the secret of the inventor. Parties who have seen the product burn say that it gives a great heat, burns with a bright flame, and leaves no slag and only a small quantity of white ash. Certain Mannheim capitalists have tried to obtain the secret from the inventor by offering him a position as director in a company to be established, giving him a salary of $4,000 and 2 per cent of the net profits; but he has refused this offer, because he wants to control the sale of the invention himself. Capitalists now claim that Montag asks too high a price. Mr. Gehrig, the secretary of the Mannheim chamber of commerce, has, it is said, undertaken to procure the necessary means to commence the manufacture of the article in partnership with the inventor.

To accommodate those who are partial to the use of atomizers in applying liquids into the nasal passages for catarrhal troubles, the proprietors prepare Ely's Liquid Cream Balm. Price including the spraying tube is 75 cents. Druggists or by mail. The liquid embodies the medicinal properties of the solid preparation. Cream Balm is quickly absorbed by the membrane and does not dry up the secretions but changes them to a natural healthy character. Ely Brothers, 56 Warren street, N. Y.

Salisbury in the House of Lords.

Lord Salisbury is one of the comparatively few members of either Houses of the British parliament who never make a note, no matter what may be the nature of the debate, or how intricate the subject which has to be spoken upon. Everybody knows his remarkable imperturability of manner, for it has almost grown into a proverb. Whenever he has made up his mind to speak it is quite easy for the spectator who knows his little tricks to be aware of the fact. A life-long chronicler of parliamentary annals declares that when the prime minister is listening to anyone to whose speech he intends to reply it is possible to see his knees moving up and down through the impulse of the toes, a movement, which is kept up almost uninterruptedly, and which is really remarkable.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

TWO

Reports Came from Findlay

And a Contest

To Rival Companies is Precipitated.

Both Seem to be in Earnest In Their Desires to Build the Road.

An Interview is Had With the Promoters Who Have Been Anxious to Secure the Right of Way.

Manager Carpenter, of the Western Ohio Railway Co., was seen at his office yesterday evening and asked concerning the situation at Findlay, where for some time there has been a contest between the two rival companies, who are anxious to construct the proposed Lima-Findlay line. An opening for an interview was the publication in the Findlay papers of two reports, one of which, signed by a majority of the investigating committee, recommended the building of the road by the company controled by Mr. Carpenter, but in protest against it was a minority report, filed by Dr. Kimmel, who plainly asserts that the men anxious to put the contract into the hands of the Western Ohio railway company are in its employ, and are acting to further their personal interests.

Mr. Carpenter read the printed reports and his first comment was upon the statement made by Dr. Kimmel, that the Lima company, represented by attorney Klinger, had not been fairly dealt with. "On the contrary," remarked Mr. Carpenter, "and I refer you to an article in the Times-Democrat some weeks ago, our company withdrew from the field when we saw that to remain meant a fight with a rival. We were anxious to build the road, but only with the understanding that the Lima company was out of the way. When we left the course open to the other people there progress in the matter was not interfered with us in any way, but when we recently received a letter from the Findlay committee, asking for a statement as to what we were willing to do, and some evidence of our reliability, we answered promptly and covered all the points in question.

"According to the reports based upon the investigation of the committee, it seems that, with but a single exception, our company has been favorably considered, and the Western Ohio Railway company is invited to build the line and there will be no time lost in doing so providing the right of way is furnished as first demanded."

Dr. Kimmel makes this statement in his report. "The Western Ohio line, as far as I can discover, runs from Lima to Wapakoneta, or will when it is built. The projectors expect to be part of the line form Cincinnati to Toledo; but as for as they are concerned in the construction of any other part of that line than that which I have mentioned, I can find no authority for the statement."

In reply, Mr. Carpenter says that Dr. Kimmel has ertainly either not gone to very much trouble to investigate or else has been misinformed. The Lima line not only goes to Wapakoneta, but through St. Marys, and last Monday an ordinance was granted at Minster giving the right if way and on Monday evening of next week the company's promoters have a meeting with the people of Loramies, who are anxious to help the road through to Piqua. The same company now controls the Cincinnati Southern Ohio Traction company from the Queen city to Dayton and it is in connection with this line that the Western Ohio is now working for in order to make the circuit complete from Toledo to Cincinnati.

The Other Side.

The Times-Democrat sought an interview with the representative of the other company, after a conferrence with Mr. Carpenter, and was directed to J. D. S. Neely, who, unfortunately, is absent from the city being on a business trip which called him to Buffalo. Judge Robb, however, stated that there had been every evidence of good faith on their part and that a bond of $50,000 bad been offered by Mr. McQowan, of Indianapolis, that the road would be constructed according to the requirements.

Further than that, a survey had been made of both routes by a competent engineer from Indianapolis, and it mattered not which was selected, the capitalists were willing to shoulder the financial responsibility. According to the evidence furnished there semes to be a contest on hand, but whatever the result may be, Findlay and Lima are both sure to profit by it in the end.

UNDECIDED

Is Prof. Johnson Who is Invited to the Filipino Supreme Court.

Prof. E. F. Johnson, who is the professor of law at Ann Arbor University, is the guest of his sister, Mrs. A. Harrod, today. Prof. Johnson was recently tendered a place on the supreme bench which will govern the Philippine islands, but has asked time to consider the proposed appointment. He makes the statement today that he is not yet prepared to either decline or accept the position offered him.

REVIVAL SERVICES

In the Central Avenue Baptist Church Still Continues.

The revival services at the Central avenue Baptist church last night was one that filled each heart present with a fuller appreciation of the great sacrifice of our Savior. Pastor Deere gave an impassioned address upon the theme, "Christ Giving His Life for Ours." Truer service will follow on the part of the christians present, deeper conviction settled in the hearts of the unconverted and all were uplifted.

The service tonight though the regular prayer service of the week will be evangelistic. The members of the church are urged to attend and bring their unconverted friends. All who can come are urged to meet with God's people in this service at 7:30.

THE REMAINS

Of Mrs. Satterthwait Will Not Be Brought East at Once.

Information has been received from Los Angeles announcing that the remains of Mrs. I. W. Satterthwait will not be brought to this city for some time, but will be temporarily placed in a vault at Los Angeles. No definite information concerning the aged lady's death has yet been received here.

A WORD TO ADVERTISERS.

If you wish to reach the people of this country, outside of Lima, you should use the columns of the SEMI-WEEKLY Times-Democrat. It goes to every postoffice in the county and has more subscribers in the country than any other paper printed in Lima.

PERSONAL.

Charles W. Wirst, the cement sidewalk man, has gone down to St. Marys to spend a few days with George W. Kissling.

Miss Florence Higley, of Ypsilanti, Mich., is the guest of Mrs. W. L. Mackenzie.

Bob Harris has returned from a pleasant visit in the country, where he has been rusticating for a couple of weeks. While at Kossuth, Mr. Harris was pleasantly entertained by the Owl club.

CHICAGO MARKETS.

Chicago, Mar. 7.—Close May wheat 75 1-8; corn, 30⅜-½; oats 24⅞; pork, 14.52.

THE WEATHER.

Washington, Mar. 7.—For Ohio, partly cloudy. Occasional snow falls tonight and warmer Friday.

Charge Exploded.

Bluefield, W. Va., March 7.—News reached here of the killing of three men by an accident near Beaverly furnace, Wythe county, Va. Gus Pager, Grant Pearman and Bud Park were blasting rock on the Norfolk and Western extension and had fired a blast, but no report followed. They began picking the charge out when it exploded, throwing the men high in the air. One was killed instantly, the other two dying in a few hours.

Ravaged by Famine.

Bombay, March 7.—The census returns show the city of Bombay has 700,000 inhabitants, a decrease of over 50,000 in 10 years, mainly due to the exodus of the past two months on account of the plague. Partial returns from the rural districts show terrible decreases in population through famine. The population of Makantha has declined 220,000, Bijapore 61,000 and Poona City 7,400.

POOL

That the Boose Well Opened Up

Is a Rich One

That Has an Extent Yet Unknown.

John Boose Farm Brought In the First Good Producer

And During the Six Months That Have Since Elapsed Nearly Forty Good Wells Have Been Drilled In.

One of the most prolific and substantial of the many oil pools that have made the names Lima and Allen county important in the petroleum history of the entire world is one that has been a known quantity only during the last six months and its extreme boundaries are yet unknown. That pool is the one which was discovered on the first day of last September when the No. 1 on the John Boose farm just east of town in Bath township, was drilled into the oil bearing sand. Prior to the striking of this well there was little hope that the territory would produce the amber fluid in paying quantities, as some of those nightmares of the producers' fraternity — dry holes — had punctured the earth in the immediate vicinity of the Boose No. 1 during the earlier days of the development of Allen county fields. Last fall, however, Gilbert & Duff undertook the risk of another duster and the scramble for territory that followed the development of their effort is well remembered by the fraternity. The Boose well came in a gusher and the development of the pool has been going merrily on ever since. The Boose farm now has six wells in with an average production of from 140 to 160 barrels per day; two good producers have been drilled in on the Henry Frueh farm, there is one well on the J. W. Remegan lease, one dry hole on the G. M. McCullough property and several fair producers on the Richmond farm, across the Pennsylvania railroad from the Boose farm and immediately east of the water works reservoirs. All of the interests just named have been consolidated in the recent organization of the Gilbert Oil Co. and in addition to those developments, the following twenty-two wells have followed the striking of the Boose well last September: Five wells on the Bowsher farm, two on the Conway, three on the Yoakum, three on the Harnisfager, one on the Schick, one on the Rider, two on the Mack and five on the Adaline Boose farm.

The Gilbert Oil Co. was incorporated with a capital stock of $100,000 and in addition to the holdings mentioned above the company has considerable additional territory that is valuable and has several wells now drilling. D. B. Duff is president and F. S. Gilbert is treasurer and general manager of the company.

RIDING WITH GLYCERINE MEN.

In talking about well shooting, a shooter stated that the shooters are often importuned to allow persons to ride with them out to the wells that are to be shot, says the Bowling Green Sentinel. This is known to be a very dangerous practise, and the law so recognizes it by making it an offense for a shooter to carry anybody with him. A shooter who allows anyone to ride with him on his glycerine wagon is liable to be fined not less than $100 nor more than $500 with six months imprisonment.

The shooters are determined to break up the practice of asking for rides with them, as it puts them in a position where they are liable to surrender many ducats for the privilege of enjoying the company of others on their journey.

TOWNSEND'S FISH.

Salmon, Redsnapper, White, Pickeral, Trout, Catfish, Herring, Mackerel, Bullheads, Oysters.

TOLEDO

May Add the D. & N. to Its Railroad Lines

As an Opening from the Coal Fields of Southern Ohio.

In That Connection it Would be an Extension of the Ohio Southern Which Passes Through the Mines.

It is thought not likely that in time the proposed branch of the Detroit & Lima Northern will be extended into Toledo, and will form another inlet for the coal of southern Ohio. The Detroit & Lima Northern would form a valuable acquisition to the Ohio Southern line, for which road it is to be purchased, as that line has no communication north of Lima and the parallel lines are in good condition to press it for traffic.

The Detroit & Lima Northern reaches north from Lima to Detroit, and the Ohio Southern extends from Southern Ohio to Lima. Thus a junction of the two lines would be invaluable to both and they would be placed in a position to handle coal from the fields of Ohio to Detroit and eventually Toledo.

Notes.

Hardin county is threatened with an epidemic of electric railways. The Tiffin and South-western is already securing a right of way. A line from Ada to Kenton is now being surveyed. And now comes a line, with Findlay and Toledo capitalists back of it, to run through Forest, Kenton, and on south toward Columbus.

Lake Shore engine No. 583 has been sent to Findlay to take the place of the switch engine which was sent here for repairs.

Conductor Charles Durbin, of the L. E. & W., is in charge of the yards at Findlay, yard master Dan Griffin, of that place being ill.

Charles Durbin, of the L. E. & W. is at Findlay, in charge of yard master Griffins work, he being confined to his home by illness.

Frank Oceit has charge of the stationary engine at the L. E. & W. shops during the incapacity of Charles Simons, who was so badly injured several days ago. Simons is now able to be around again but is still unfit for his duties at the shop.

Daniel Finn, tinner at the L. E. & W., has gone to Kenton to accept a similar position in the T. & O. C. railroad shops at that place.

COURT MARTIAL

Will Convene Again at Cleveland Next Monday.

Col. Ream will go to Cleveland again on next Monday to resume his duties there as a member of the Ohio National Guard court martial. Several minor cases have already been disposed of by the court and next Monday the case against Colonel Zimmerman of the Fifth regiment, who is charged with a misappropriation of funds.

ON FRIDAY

The Republicans Will Hold Their City Primary.

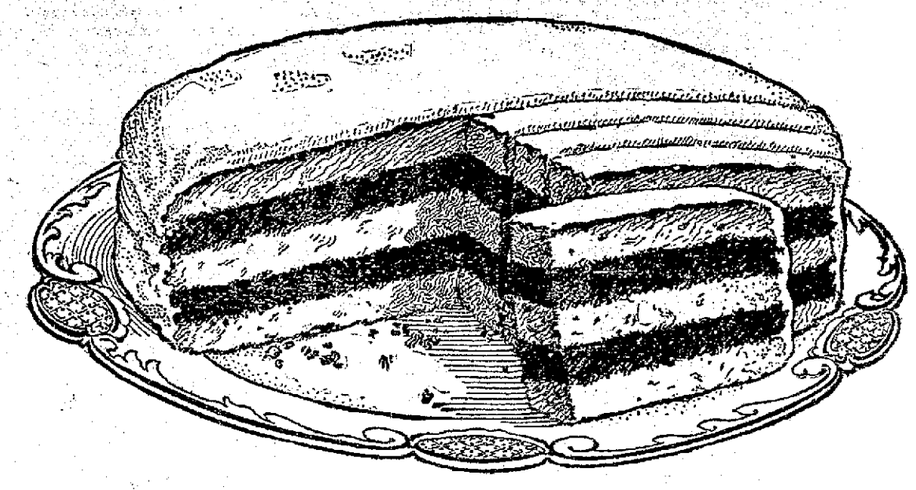
As was stated in advance by the TIMES-DEMOCRAT, the Republicans will hold their city primary on Friday of next week, March 15. The Republican city central committee met last night in Gus Kalb's office and decided that the hours for the primary shall be from 4 to 8 o'clock p. m.

Hoyt's "A Milk White Flag" can always be depended upon to furnish a splendid entertainment, as it is always kept up to the times, both as to dialogue and music, and the vaudeville feature are claimed to be both novel and entertaining. It is said that each member of the cast has been selected for his or her peculiar fitness for the role assumed. The chorus is a large one, and the scenic and costumic equipments are of the spectacular order. "A Milk White Flag" comes tonight.

L. J. Weadock, general agent for the Germania Investment Co., has moved his office to rooms 19 and 20 Holmes block. 1t

COAL! COAL!! COAL!!! At Wood's feed store, 708 south Main street. sat-th-sat

F—I—S—H at Townsend's.



At this season the housekeeper must look specially after the baking powder.

As she cannot make good cake with bad eggs, no more can she make cake that is light, delicious and dainty with inferior baking powder.

Royal Baking Powder is indispensable for the preparation of the finest food. It imparts that peculiar lightness, sweetness and flavor noticed in the finest cake, biscuit, doughnuts, crusts, etc., which expert bakers say is unobtainable by the use of any other leavening agent.

The "Royal Baker and Pastry Cook"—containing over 800 most practical and valuable cooking receipts — free to every patron. Send postal card with your full address.

There are cheap baking powders, made from alum, but they are exceedingly harmful to health. Their astringent and cauterizing qualities add a dangerous element to food.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 100 WILLIAM ST., NEW YORK.

SOCIETY LIFE

In Lima is Quiet During Lenten Period

Yet Some Very Pleasant Evenings are Spent.

Litzanier and Etude Musical Clubs Both Enjoyed Meetings This Week—Mission Tea at the T. T. Mitchell Home.

Tuesday evening Mr. and Mrs. A. L. White, of north West street entertained the Lisztaniers, who gave an entertaining program of national airs as follows:

Piano duett—National Airs.....
Misses Breese and Cantwell.
God Save the Queen.....
Mr. Wakefield.
1. America .....
2. Star Spangled Banner .....
Quartette—Mrs. R. Ebersole, Mrs. A. L. White, Mr. Bradley, Mr. Torrence
The Harp That Once Thro' Taras' Hall
Mr. James Weadock.
Japenese and Chinese National Airs
Miss Cantwell.
Watch on the Rhine.....
Mr. Torrence.
Rule Britannia .....
Mrs. Ebersole.
The Blue and the Gray.....
Mr. Bradley.
The Marsellaise.....
Mr. R. Ebersole.

* * *

Yesterday Mrs. T. T. Mitchell opened her pleasant home to the ladies of Market street Presbyterian church About fifty ladies braved the intense cold and attended and were well repaid for the program was one of profit and pleasure. A piano number was given by Mrs. W. L. Mackenzie. Miss Vera Watson gave a violin number with Miss Peatt to accompany her. A piano trio was played by Mrs. S. S. Wheeler, Mrs. R. J. Thomson and Mrs. Emma Decker. Mrs. J. R. Hughes gave the paper of the afternoon on "Our Duties to Neglected Children." Dainty refreshments and a social hour followed.

* * *

Mrs. James Halfhill, of north Collet street, entertained the Etude club on Tuesday afternoon. The program was devoted to music composed by two prominent Americans, Nevin and MacDowell and was as follows:

Improvistion .....MacDowell
Buona Notte .....Nevin
Mrs. J. G. Lamison.
Tell Me Not Where Roses Bloom..
..... Nevin
Mrs. F. Hover.
Good Night Beloved .....Nevin
Mrs. J. Stolzenbaugh.
The Water Nymph.....Nevin
Mrs. J. M. Boose.
Reading .....
Mrs. Simpson.
Canzone Auorosa.....Nevin
Mrs. J. Miller.
March Wind .....MacDowell
Mrs. W. Bell.
Barcarolle .....Nevin
Mrs. Lamison.

WHY SO MANY FAIL.

The Reason So Many Catarrh Remedies are Unsuccessful.

There are few troubles, for which there are so many remedies and so called "cures" as for catarrh and it may be added there are few diseases so difficult to really and permanently cure.

Inhalers, sprayers, powders and douches are all applied locally and give temporary relief often for only a few hours, and it is doubtful if anything like a real cure of catarrh was ever acomplished by the use of local applications.

Catarrh is a constitutional disease, it is in the blood like rheumatism and to cure it requires an internal medicine to act upon the blood, to drive out the catarrhal poison from the system entirely and anyone an readily see that a salve or powder or inhaler which simply clears off the mucous membrane of the nose and throat can have no effect on the real cause of catarrhal disease.

The remarkable sucess of the new catarrh remedy, Stuart's Catarrh Tablets is because it drives out of the system through the natural channels, the catarrhal poison, the germs of grip, bronchitis and consumption and causes the hawking, spitting and gagging beause the excessive secretion is no longer supplied when the blood is made healthy from the regular use of Stuart's Catarrh Tablets.

The remedy is in the form of large 20 grain lozenges, pleasant and palatable composed only of wholesome antiseptic and so safe to use that little children use them with perfect safety and benefit if the little one is suffering from colds, croup or cough from any cause.

Stuart's Catarrh Tablets have been on the market scarcely one year, yet they have met with such popularity and success that druggists everywhere in the United States and Canada now have them in stock and report a constantly increasing demand for them.

BOOKS ARE HERE,

And Those Waiting for Theirs Can Now be Supplied.

The extra demand for the Dictionaries, Book of Health and War Books has been so great that there has been great difficulty in supplying the demand. We have, however, received a consignment of them and all can now be supplied.

First come, first served. Let all who want either of the books come in and get them before this present lot is exhausted.

21-4t.

TARGET

Practice that Was Quite Dangerous

Was Being Indulged In By Three Young Lads

When the Police Appeared on the Scene and Arrested Them—Several Cases In Mayor's Court This Morning.

About 9:30 o'clock this morning, three boys giving their names as William McCarty, Ed. Mullen and Jerry Duggan, aged, 14, 14 and 13 respectively, strayed away from their school room and went out along the P. Ft. & C. railroad tracks to practice at target shooting with a revolver that the McCarty boy claimed to have purchased at a gun shop yesterday. They were amusing themselves by shooting at some iron tanks, much to the displeasure of some telegraph lineman, who heard the bullets singing by them, when Pennsylvania detectives Lamb and Ferge and policeman Grant swooped down upon them and marched them into mayor's court. The revolver and cartridges were left in chief Harley's keeping and the boys after receiving some good advice from mayor McComb with a promise of a possible trip to the reform farm at Lancaster, were sent home.

FOUR PRISONERS.

At 12:15 o'clock last night, chief Harley arrested a demented man who gave his name as William Ansen. The man was very wild and was taken from the Brunswick hotel to the police station. Today he was given into the custody of the sheriff and will be examined in the probate court.

An aged brewer from Delphos giving his name as Hufman, was arraigned for drunkenness. He was released and started for Bucyrus.

A stranger who was arrested for unlawfully riding on a P. Ft. W. & C. train was permitted to walk out of the city.

Maurice Foley pleaded not guilty to a charge of having been intoxicated and his case went to the calendar for a hearing next Tuesday.

NOTICE, I. O. O. F.

All members of Solar lodge are requested to meet in their hall tonight, (Thursday) March 7. By order of

CAPTAIN.

Boyd Douglas for Groceries. s&w-tf

NewspaperARCHIVE® NewspaperARCHIVE®